

# Annual Report of Kumar Autocast Limited FY 2017 - 18

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

- (1) Mr. Arun Kumar Sood
- (2) Mr. Ashish Kumar Sood
- (3) Mr. Ajay Kumar Sood
- (4) Mr. Kamalinder Kumar Singla
- (5) Mr. Ramesh Kumar Sharma
- (6) Mr. Jatinder Kumar Malik
- (7) Ms. Megha Goel

- Chairman & Managing Director
- Executive Director
- Executive Director
- Independent Director
- Independent Director
- Independent Director
- Women Director

#### COMPANY SECRETARY

CS. Pranav Khanna

#### STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s Ashwani & Associates, Chartered Accountants

#### REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT

Skyline Financial Services Pvt Ltd D-153A, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, Okhla Industrial Area Phase – 1 New Delhi - 110020

#### **CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER**

Mr. Lalit Kumar Jha

#### SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

M/s Kiranpreet & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries.

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

C-179, Focal Point, Phase VI, Ludhiana-141010, Punjab. E-mail Id: - asood@kumarautocast.com CIN: - L27101PB1985PLC006100 PAN: - AAACK6718L

### **KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED**

Regd. Office: - C-179, Focal Point, Phase VI, Ludhiana-141010, Punjab. Email Id: <u>asood@kumarautocast.com</u> Telephone No: 0161-2671428 CIN: - L27101PB1985PLC006100

#### **NOTICE**

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the **33**<sup>RD</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Members of **Kumar Autocast Limited** will be held on **Sunday** the **30**<sup>th</sup> day of **September**, **2018** at registered office of the Company situated at **11:00 A.M.** at **C-179**, **Focal Point**, **Phase VI**, **Ludhiana-141010**, **Punjab** to transact the following business:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

# <u>ITEM NO.1</u>: TO RECEIVE & ADOPT AUDITED ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OTHER REPORTS

To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Balance Sheet as at **31st March**, **2018**, Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended on that date, together with Report of the Auditor's and Director's thereon.

#### ITEM NO.2: RE-APPOINTMENT OF SH. ARUN KUMAR SOOD

To appoint Director **Sh. Arun Kumar Sood (Holding DIN: 00685937),** who retires by rotation in terms of Section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and being eligible offer himself for re-appointment in place of Sh. Ajay Kumar Sood.

#### **ITEM NO.3: RE-APPOINTMENT OF SH. AJAY KUMAR SOOD**

To appoint Director **Sh. Ajay Kumar Sood (Holding DIN: 00685585),** who retires by rotation in terms of Section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and being eligible offer himself for re-appointment in place of Sh. Ashish Kumar Sood.

# **ITEM NO. 4:** RATIFICATION FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF STATUTORY AUDITORS OF THE COMPANY

To consider and ratify the appointment of Statutory Auditors of the company for the Financial Year 2018-19 and to fix their remuneration and in this regard to consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s) the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 139, 142 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 the appointment of the **M/s Ashwani & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Ludhiana** as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of consecutive five years starting from Conclusion of **32<sup>nd</sup>** Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 37<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the company be and is hereby ratified at the **33<sup>rd</sup>** Annual General Meeting of the Company at such remuneration as may be finalized by the Director in consultation with auditor plus applicable service tax and reimbursement of travelling and out of pocket expenses incurred by them for the purpose of audit."

#### SPECIAL BUSINESS

#### ITEM NO: 4. BLANKET APPROVAL FOR RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as Ordinary Resolution:

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to provisions of Section 188 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with applicable Rules under Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and in terms of applicable provisions of Listing Agreement executed with the Stock Exchanges (including any amendment, modification or re-enactment thereof), and also pursuant to the consent of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors vide resolutions passed in their respective meetings, the approval of the Company be and is hereby for entering into the following proposed Related Party Transactions at Arm Length Price with respect to sale and purchase of goods and raw material by and from Kumar Autocast Limited for the financial year 2018-19 upto the maximum per annum amounts as appended in table below:

Sr.	Name of the	Relationship	Maximum Value of Transaction
No	<b>Related Party</b>		per Annum
1	Kumar Exports	Directors having Significant Interest	30 Crore
2	Forgewell	Directors having Significant Interest	5 Crore

# ITEM NO. – 5 TO REGULARIZE OF ADDITIONAL DIRECTOR, SMT. NEHA SOOD, BY APPOINTING HER AS DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 161 and other applicable provisions (including any modification or re-enactment thereof), if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, the approval of shareholders of the company be and is hereby accorded to appoint Smt. Neha Sood as director of the company who was appointed as an Additional Director in the meeting of the Board of Directors held on (29.05.2018) and whose term expires at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the company .The Company has received a notice in writing proposing her candidature for the office of the Director of the Company whose period of office will be liable to determination by retirement of directors by rotation."

#### ITEM NO. – 6 <u>TO INCREASE REMUNERATION OF MR. AJAY KUMAR SOOD, WHOLE</u> <u>TIME DIRECTOR FROM RS. 250,000 PER MONTH TO RS. 3,00,000 W.E.F 01<sup>ST</sup> OF OCTOBER</u> <u>2018.</u>

### To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as Special Resolution:

**RESOLVED THAT** Pursuant to provisions of **Section 196, 197 and 203** and all other applicable provisions if any ,of the **companies Act , 2013**, ("the Act") read with schedule V to the said act and the companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial personnel) Rules,2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for time being in force) and as per the Articles of Association of the Company and subject to such other approval(s) or sanction(s) as may be prescribed, consent of the company be and is hereby accorded to increase in the remuneration of **Mr. Ajay Kumar Sood** as **Whole Time Director** of the company **from Rs. 2,50,000 (Rupees Two Lakh Fifty Thousand Only) per month** to **Rs. 3,00,000 (Rupees Three Lakhs Only) including House Rent Allowance Rs. 50,000/- (Rs. Fifty Thousand Only)** plus all perquisites or such other limit as may be ascertained under the provision of Schedule V of the Act, payable as per rules and policies of the company.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Sh. Ajay Kumar Sood** shall also be eligible to the following benefits which shall not be included in the computation of the ceiling on remuneration:

Sr. No	Remuneration	Details
Ι	Basic Salary	Rs. 250,000/- Per Month

II	House Rent Allowance	Rs. 50,000/- Per Month	
III	Perquisites	Perquisites will be allowed in addition to salary, as mentioned	
		below:	
a)	Medical Reimbursement	Reimbursement of actual Medical expenses incurred in India	
		and/or abroad and including hospitalization, nursing home and	
		surgical charges and will also pay health insurance premium for	
		himself and his family subject to the Income Tax Act, 1961.	
b)	Leave Travel Concession	Reimbursement of actual travelling expenses for proceeding on	
		leave once in a year in respect of himself and his family in	
		accordance with the rules of the Company.	
c)	Club Fees	Reimbursement of membership fee of any club in India and/or	
		abroad including admission and life membership fee subject a	
		maximum of two (2) clubs.	
d)	Personal Accident	Premium not to exceed Rs. 15,000/- Per Annum.	
e)	Car & Telephone	Free Use of Company's car for official work as well as f	
		personal purposes and telephone at company's cost.	
f)	Gratuity	Company will pay gratuity at the rate of half month's salary for	
		each completed year of service.	
g)	Contribution to Provident	Company will contribute to provident fund, superannuation fund	
	Fund	and Annuity fund as per company's policy but subject to Income	
		Tax Act, 1961.	
h)	Insurance Policy	Life Insurance policy having the employer & employee	
		relationship benefit, provides life cover up to Rs. 1.50 Crores and	
		premium shall not to exceed Rs. 25.00/- Lacs Per Annum.	

\*Perquisites shall be evaluated as per Income-Tax Rules, wherever applicable and in absence of any such rules, perquisites shall be evaluated at actual cost.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** The Board and Directors of the company be and hereby is authorized to approve the terms and conditions of re-appointment and make changes in the terms of re-appointment including remuneration and do all such acts, deeds and things which are necessary and incidental to give effect to this resolution.

#### ITEM NO. – 6 <u>TO INCREASE REMUNERATION OF MR. ASHISH KUMAR SOOD, WHOLE</u> <u>TIME DIRECTOR FROM RS. 250,000 PER MONTH TO RS. 3,00,000 W.E.F 01<sup>ST</sup> OF OCTOBER</u> <u>2018.</u>

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as Special Resolution:

**RESOLVED THAT** Pursuant to provisions of Section 196, 197 and 203 and all other applicable provisions if any ,of the companies Act , 2013, ("the Act") read with schedule V to the said act and the

companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial personnel) Rules,2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for time being in force) and as per the Articles of Association of the Company and subject to such other approval(s) or sanction(s) as may be prescribed, consent of the company be and is hereby accorded to increase in the remuneration of **Mr. Ashish Kumar Sood** as **Whole Time Director** of the company **from Rs. 2,50,000 (Rupees Two Lakh Fifty Thousand Only) per month** to **Rs. 3,00,000 (Rupees Three Lakhs Only) including House Rent Allowance Rs. 50,000/- (Rs. Fifty Thousand Only)** plus all perquisites or such other limit as may be ascertained under the provision of Schedule V of the Act, payable as per rules and policies of the company.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Sh. Ashish Kumar Sood** shall also be eligible to the following benefits which shall not be included in the computation of the ceiling on remuneration:

Sr. No	Remuneration	Details
Ι	Basic Salary	Rs. 250,000/- Per Month
Π	House Rent Allowance	Rs. 50,000/- Per Month
III	Perquisites	Perquisites will be allowed in addition to salary, as mentioned below:
a)	Medical Reimbursement	Reimbursement of actual Medical expenses incurred in India and/or abroad and including hospitalization, nursing home and surgical charges and will also pay health insurance premium for himself and his family subject to the Income Tax Act, 1961.
b)	Leave Travel Concession	Reimbursement of actual travelling expenses for proceeding on leave once in a year in respect of himself and his family in accordance with the rules of the Company.
c)	Club Fees	Reimbursement of membership fee of any club in India and/or abroad including admission and life membership fee subject a maximum of two (2) clubs.
d)	Personal Accident	Premium not to exceed Rs. 15,000/- Per Annum.
e)	Car & Telephone	Free Use of Company's car for official work as well as for personal purposes and telephone at company's cost.
f)	Gratuity	Company will pay gratuity at the rate of half month's salary for each completed year of service.
g)	Contribution to Provident Fund	Company will contribute to provident fund, superannuation fund and Annuity fund as per company's policy but subject to Income Tax Act, 1961.
h)	Insurance Policy	Life Insurance policy having the employer & employee relationship benefit, provides life cover up to Rs. 1.50 Crores and premium shall not to exceed Rs. 25.00/- Lacs Per Annum.

\*Perquisites shall be evaluated as per Income-Tax Rules, wherever applicable and in absence of any such rules, perquisites shall be evaluated at actual cost.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** The Board and Directors of the company be and hereby is authorized to approve the terms and conditions of re-appointment and make changes in the terms of re-appointment including remuneration and do all such acts, deeds and things which are necessary and incidental to give effect to this resolution.

#### ITEM NO. – 7 <u>TO INCREASE REMUNERATION OF MR. ARUN KUMAR SOOD, MANAGING</u> DIRECTOR FROM RS. 250,000 PER MONTH TO RS. 3,00,000 W.E.F 01<sup>ST</sup> OF OCTOBER 2018.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as Special Resolution:

**RESOLVED THAT** Pursuant to provisions of **Section 196, 197 and 203** and all other applicable provisions if any ,of the **companies Act , 2013**, ("the Act") read with schedule V to the said act and the companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial personnel) Rules,2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for time being in force) and as per the Articles of Association of the Company and subject to such other approval(s) or sanction(s) as may be prescribed, consent of the company be and is hereby accorded to increase in the remuneration of **Mr. Arun Kumar Sood** as **Managing Director** of the company w.e.f. 01.10.2018 **from Rs. 2,50,000** (**Rupees Two Lakh Fifty Thousand Only**) **per month** to **Rs. 3,00,000** (**Rupees Three Lakhs Only**) **including House Rent Allowance Rs. 50,000/-** (**Rs. Fifty Thousand Only**) plus all perquisites or such other limit as may be ascertained under the provision of Schedule V of the Act, payable as per rules and policies of the company.

<b>RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Sh. Arun Kumar Sood</b> shall also be eligible to the following benefits
which shall not be included in the computation of the ceiling on remuneration:

Sr. No	Remuneration	Details	
Ι	Basic Salary	Rs. 250,000/- Per Month	
II	House Rent Allowance	Rs. 50,000/- Per Month	
III	Perquisites	Perquisites will be allowed in addition to salary, as mentioned	
		below:	
a)	Medical Reimbursement	Reimbursement of actual Medical expenses incurred in India	
		and/or abroad and including hospitalization, nursing home and	
		surgical charges and will also pay health insurance premium for	
		himself and his family subject to the Income Tax Act, 1961.	
b)	Leave Travel Concession	ssion Reimbursement of actual travelling expenses for proceeding on	
		leave once in a year in respect of himself and his family in	
		accordance with the rules of the Company.	
c)	Club Fees Reimbursement of membership fee of any club in India a		
		abroad including admission and life membership fee subject a	
		maximum of two (2) clubs.	
d)	Personal Accident	Premium not to exceed Rs. 15,000/- Per Annum.	
e)	Car & Telephone	Free Use of Company's car for official work as well as for	

		personal purposes and telephone at company's cost.	
f)	Gratuity	Company will pay gratuity at the rate of half month's salary for	
		each completed year of service.	
g)	Contribution to Provident	Company will contribute to provident fund, superannuation fund	
	Fund	and Annuity fund as per company's policy but subject to Income	
		Tax Act, 1961.	
h)	Insurance Policy	Life Insurance policy having the employer & employee	
		relationship benefit, provides life cover up to Rs. 1.50 Crores and	
		premium shall not to exceed Rs. 25.00/- Lacs Per Annum.	

\*Perquisites shall be evaluated as per Income-Tax Rules, wherever applicable and in absence of any such rules, perquisites shall be evaluated at actual cost.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** The Board and Directors of the company be and hereby is authorized to approve the terms and conditions of re-appointment and make changes in the terms of re-appointment including remuneration and do all such acts, deeds and things which are necessary and incidental to give effect to this resolution.

By Order of the Board For **Kumar Autocast Limited** 

Place: Ludhiana Date: 05.09.2018

> (Ajay Kumar Sood) Whole Time Director (DIN: - 00685585) House No 2086, Phase-1, Dugri Road, Urban Estate Ludhiana, Pb

Notes:

1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on a poll instead of himself/herself and such proxy need not be a member of the Company. The proxy, in order to be effective must be received by the Company not less than 48 hours before the Meeting. The Blank Proxy form is enclosed. 2. In Compliance with Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules 2015, and Regulation 44 of the SEBI (Listed Obligations And Disclosures Requirements) Regulations 2015, the Company has provided a facility to the members to exercise their votes electronically through the electronic voting service facility arranged by Central Depository Services (India) Limited. The facility for voting through ballot paper, will also be made available at the AGM and the members attending the AGM who have not already cast their votes by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may attend the AGM but shall not be entitled to cast their votes again.

3. Corporate Members intending to send their authorized representatives to attend the meeting are requested to send a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorizing their representative to attend and vote in their behalf at the Meeting.

4. A person can act as a proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty and holding in the aggregate not more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights. A member holding more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights may appoint single person as proxy and such person shall not act as a proxy for any other person or shareholder.

5. A statement giving the relevant details of the Directors seeking re-appointment under Item No. 2, 3,
5, 6, 7 of the accompanying Notice is annexed herewith in explanatory statement.

6. Members are requested to intimate their queries, if any, related to accounts at least seven days in advance of meeting so that information can be made available and furnished at meeting.

7. All documents referred to in the notice, unless otherwise specifically stated will be available for members for inspection at the registered office of the Company between 10.30 am to 12.30 pm from the date hereof upto the date of Annual General Meeting.

8. The register of members and share transfer books shall remain closed from Thursday the 20<sup>th</sup> September, 2018 to Sunday 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2018 (Both Days inclusive).

9. Mr. Kiranpreet Kaur proprietor of Kiranpreet & Associates has been appointed as scrutinizer for providing the report on results of poll/vote for the resolution passed during the AGM.

10. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in Securities Market. Members holding shares in physical form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN to the Company Skyline Financial Services Private Limited.

11. The Result of the resolutions passed at the AGM of the Company will be declared within 48 working hours of Conclusion of AGM. The results declared along with the Scrutinizer Report shall be placed on Company's website and on the website of CDSL and will be communicated to the stock exchanges.

12. M/s Kiranpreet & Associates, Company Secretaries, have been appointed as the scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting process in fair and transparent manner (including the ballot forms received from members who do not have access to the e-voting process). The scrutinizer shall within a period of three working days from the conclusion of e-voting period, unblock the votes in presence of at least two witnesses not in employment of the company and make a report of the votes cast in favour or against, if any, forthwith to the chairman of the company.

The instructions for shareholders voting electronically are as under:

- (i) The voting period begins on 27<sup>th</sup> Sep, 2018 (9:00 am) and ends on 29<sup>th</sup> Sep, 2018 (5:00 pm). During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- (iii) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
- (iv) Click on "Shareholders" tab.
- (v) Now Enter your User ID
- a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
- b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
- c. Members holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- (vi) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- (vii) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.

PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric PAN issued by Income Tax Departmen	
	(Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)	
	<ul> <li>Members who have not updated their PAN with th</li> </ul>	
	Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the first two	
	letters of their name and the 8 digits of the sequence number in th	
	PAN field.	
	• In case the sequence number is less than 8 digits enter the applicable	
	number of 0's before the number after the first two characters of the	
	name in CAPITAL letters. Eg. If your name is 3 Ramesh Kumar wit	
	sequence number 1 then enter RA00000001 in the PAN field	
Dividend Bank Details	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy forma	
OR Date of Birth (DOB) as recorded in your demat account or in the company rec		
	login.	
	• If both the details are not recorded with the depository or compan	
	please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Ban	
	details field as mentioned in instruction (v).	

(ix) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.

- (x) Members holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, members holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (xi) For Members holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.

- (xii) Click on the EVSN 170904015 <KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED> for the relevant on which you choose to vote.
- (xiii) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xiv) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xv) After selecting the resolution you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xvi) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xvii) You can also take a print of the vote cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xviii) If a demat account holder has forgotten
   the login password then Enter the User
   ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted
   by the system.
- (xix) Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL's mobile app m-Voting available for android based mobiles. The m-Voting app can be downloaded from Google play store. Apple and windows phone user can download the app from the App store and windows Phone store respectively on or after 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2016. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobiles app while voting on your mobile.
- (xx) Note for Non Individual Shareholders and Custodians
- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodian• are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves as Corporates.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.

- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on
- approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- (xxi) In case you have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.

### **KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED**

Regd. Office: - C-179, Focal Point, Phase VI, Ludhiana-141010, Punjab. Email Id: <u>asood@kumarautocast.com</u> Telephone No: 0161-2671428 CIN: - L27101PB1985PLC006100

## EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:

#### **ITEM NO. 2 OF THE ORDINARY BUSINESS**

### INFORMATION AND DETAILS REGARDING DIRECTOR SEEKING RE-APPOINTMENT IN THE ENSUING ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING:

Name of the Director	ARUN KUMAR SOOD	AJAY KUMAR SOOD
Director Identification Number (DIN)		00685585
	00685937	
Date of Birth	13/12/1948	26/08/1954
Nationality	Indian	Indian
Date of Appointment on Board	01/10/2002	01/10/2007
Qualification	MA Economics	LLB
No. of Shares Held	1762950	676200
List of Directorships held in other	NIL	NIL
Companies (excluding foreign, private		
and Section 8 Companies)		
Memberships / Chairmanships of Audit	NIL	NIL
and Stakeholders' Relationship		
<b>Committees across Public Companies</b>		
Relationship with other Directors	Related to Mr. Ajay Kumar	Related to Mr. Arun
	Sood and Mr. Ashish Kumar	Kumar Sood and Mr.
	Sood	Ashish Kumar Sood

None of the other Directors/ Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the company/their relatives is concerned or interested, financial or otherwise, in the resolution set out at item No. 2 and 3.

#### ITEM NO. 5, 6 & 7 OF THE SPECIAL BUSINESS

The members may note that based on the recommendations of the board of directors of the company at their meeting held on 04.09.2018, approve the Revision/Increase of remuneration of Mr. Ajay Kumar Sood, Whole Time Director, Mr. Arun Kumar Sood, Managing Director & Ashish Kumar Sood, Whole Time Director of the company under the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, from Rs. 2,50,000 (Two Lakh Fifty Thousand Only) per month to Rs. 3,00,000 (Rupees Three Lakh Only) per month each w.e.f

01st October, 2018 including House Rent Allowance (HRA) Rs. 50,000 (Rupees Fifty Thousand Only) plus all perquisites for the remaining period of their office valid till 30.09.2021.

Therefore the Board of Directors and Nomination & Remuneration Committee, subject to such approval of shareholders is proposing to increase the remuneration of Mr. Ajay Kumar Sood, Mr. Arun Kumar Sood & Mr. Ashish Kumar Sood for the remaining period of their office valid till 30.09.2021 on a maximum remuneration of Rs. 3,00,000 (Rupees Three Lakh Only) p.m. or such other limit as may be ascertained under the provisions of Schedule V of the Act ,payable as per rules and policies of the company"

Since the company does not having adequate profits to make the managerial remuneration as per Section 198 of the companies act, 2013, the above proposal requires approval of shareholders of the company to pay managerial remuneration as per Schedule V of Companies Act, 2013. Hence, the proposal is before shareholders for approval through special resolution.

Statement Required pursuant to provisions of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 is given below,

#### I. GENERAL INFORMATION:

1. Nature of Industry:

The company carries the business of casting Automotive & Locomotive (Railways) Parts and provides casting of several OEM products to leading global automotives players in India as well as in abroad.

2. Date and Expected date of commencement of Commercial Production:

The Commercial Production of the company's product is started in the year of 1985.

3. In Case of New Companies, expected date of commencement of activities as per project approved by financial institution appearing in the prospectus:

Not Applicable.

4. Financial Performance Based on the given indicators:

Company earned the total revenue before tax during the financial year 2017-18 of Rs 146.50 Lakhs as compared to Rs. 123.53 Lakhs during the financial year 2016-17. Although company has made the expenses of Human Capital and fixed assets, the company's gross profit margin is increased in financial year 2017-18 as compared to profit of 2016-17.

5. Foreign Investment and Collaboration:

Not Applicable

#### II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE APPOINTEE (Mr. Ajay Kumar Sood):

1. Background Details:

Mr. Ajay Kumar Sood; is the Whole Time Director of the company. During this Period he has served the company with best of his capabilities. He is the person of immense enthusiasm and dynamism possessing sharp ability for business decision making. He carries with himself a vast business experience. Mr. Ajay Kumar Sood completed his Higher Education from Punjab University and is holding degree in LLB from Kurukshetra University. His association with the Company supported by strong determination, vast knowledge and 33 years of experience in the field of law and practice is expected to be highly beneficial for identifying potential growth plans and projects for business expansion. Currently, he is the (Director Commercial) Marketing and Finance in the Company.

#### 2. Past Remuneration:

Past Remuneration is Rs. 250,000/- Per Month Including House Rent allowance plus other Incentive and Perquisites as per the company policies.

3. Recognition or Awards:

Not applicable

4. Job Profile and Suitability of the Appointee:

Mr. Ajay Kumar Sood has been in managerial position since last couple of years and has been contributing in his role towards achievement of the common objectives of the organization. Hence, on the basis of the recommendation of the Board along with Nomination & Remuneration Committee, Mr. Ajay Kumar Sood is a suitable candidate for his re-appointment as Whole Time Director of the Company.

5. Remuneration Proposed:

The appointee will be paid remuneration not exceeding Rs 300,000/- (Rupees Three Lakh Only) p.m., such other limit as may be ascertained under the provisions of Schedule V of the Act, Plus other Perquisites & Incentives as per company policies, payable as per rules and policies of the company, for the remaining period of their office valid till 30.09.2021.

6. Comparative Remuneration profile with respect to the Industry, size of the company, profile of the position of the company.

Taking into account the size of the company, industry benchmark in general, profile, position, responsibilities, capabilities and the involvement of Mr. Ajay Kumar Sood in the company and the proposed Remuneration is reasonable and in line with the Remuneration levels in the industry, across the industry and befits his position.

7. Pecuniary relationship directly with the company or relationship with the managerial personnel if, any:

Except for the proposed Remuneration Mr. Ajay Kumar Sood does not have any pecuniary relationship with the company, although Mr. Ajay Kumar Sood is relative of the Mr. Arun Kumar Sood, Managing Director & Ashish Kumar Sood, Whole Time Director.

#### III. INFORMATION ABOUT THE APPOINTEE (Mr. Arun Kumar Sood):

1. Background Details:

Mr. Arun Kumar Sood; is the Managing Director of the company. During this Period he has served the company with best of his capabilities. Mr. Arun Kumar Sood completed his Graduation from Punjab University and holds a Post Graduation degree in MA Economics from Punjab University. The wide exposure has made him wise and result oriented person adding to his dedication and determination to take the Company to great heights involving widespread growth and prosperity. Currently he holds the position of Production Director (Technical) having expertise in castings.

#### 2. Past Remuneration:

Past Remuneration is Rs. 250, 000/- Per Month Including House Rent allowance plus other Incentive and Perquisites as per the company policies.

3. Recognition or Awards:

#### Not applicable

4. Job Profile and Suitability of the Appointee:

Mr. Arun Kumar Sood has been in managerial position since last couple of years and has been contributing in his role towards achievement of the common objectives of the organization. Hence, on the basis of the recommendation of the Board, Mr. Arun Kumar Sood is a suitable candidate for his re-appointment as Managing Director of the Company.

5. Remuneration Proposed:

The appointee will be paid remuneration not exceeding Rs 3,00,000/- (Rupees Three Lakhs Only) p.m., such other limit as may be ascertained under the provisions of Schedule V of the Act, Plus other Perquisites & Incentives as per company policies, payable as per rules and policies of the company, for the remaining period of their office valid till 30.09.2021.

6. Comparative Remuneration profile with respect to the Industry, size of the company, profile of the position of the company.

Taking into account the size of the company, industry benchmark in general, profile, position, responsibilities, capabilities and the involvement of Mr. Arun Kumar Sood in the company and the proposed Remuneration is reasonable and in line with the Remuneration levels in the industry, across the industry and befits his position.

7. Pecuniary relationship directly with the company or relationship with the managerial personnel if ,any:

Except for the proposed Remuneration Mr. Arun Kumar Sood does not have any pecuniary relationship with the company, although Mr. Arun Kumar Sood is relative of the Mr. Ajay Kumar Sood, Whole Time Director & Ashish Kumar Sood, Whole Time Director.

#### IV. INFORMATION ABOUT THE APPOINTEE (Mr. Ashish Kumar Sood):

1. Background Details:

Mr. Ashish Kumar Sood; is the Whole Time Director of the company. During this Period he has served the company with best of his capabilities. . He is a Graduate in BA (Arts) from Punjab University. He has been a crucial part of the Company since its incorporation and his active participation in the affairs of the Company in the past 28 years is expected to be more beneficial as the Company grows and expands its business plans. Currently, he is the Director Purchase {Relationship Manager} in the Company.

#### 2. Past Remuneration:

Past Remuneration is Rs. 250,000/- Per Month Including House Rent allowance plus other Incentive and Perquisites as per the company policies.

3. Recognition or Awards:

Not applicable

4. Job Profile and Suitability of the Appointee:

Mr. Ashish Kumar Sood has been in managerial position since last couple of years and has been contributing in his role towards achievement of the common objectives of the organization. Hence, on the basis of the recommendation of the Board, Mr. Ashish Kumar Sood is a suitable candidate for his re-appointment as Whole Time Director of the Company.

5. Remuneration Proposed:

The appointee will be paid remuneration not exceeding Rs 3,00,000/- (Rupees Three Lakhs Only) p.m., such other limit as may be ascertained under the provisions of Schedule V of the Act, Plus other Perquisites & Incentives as per company policies, payable as per rules and policies of the company, for the remaining period of their office valid till 30.09.2021.

6. Comparative Remuneration profile with respect to the Industry, size of the company, profile of the position of the company.

Taking into account the size of the company, industry benchmark in general, profile, position, responsibilities, capabilities and the involvement of Mr. Ashish Kumar Sood in the company and the proposed Remuneration is reasonable and in line with the Remuneration levels in the industry, across the industry and befits his position.

7. Pecuniary relationship directly with the company or relationship with the managerial personnel if ,any:

Except for the proposed Remuneration Mr. Ashish Kumar Sood does not have any pecuniary relationship with the company, although Mr. Ashish Kumar Sood is relative of the Mr. Arun Kumar Sood, Managing Director & Ajay Kumar Sood, Whole Time Director.

1V Other Information

1. Reason of Loss Or Inadequate Profits:

There is lot of new competition in the market, though the size of market is increasing but due to severe competition and the global economic slowdown leads the current financial results into inadequate profits.

2. Steps taken or proposed to be taken for improvement: The company has taken stringent cost actions and continues to curtail both employee and non employee costs. Also, the management continues to explore avenues to increase the revenue.

3. Expected increase in Productivity and Profits :

The company is committed to build the business operations within budget and considering that the business operates on a going concern basis, it is believed that financial position of the company will improve in near future.

The Directors recommend the resolutions set in item no 5-7 for approval of shareholders by way of special resolution.

Memorandum of Interest

None of the Directors, key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are interested in the above proposals except proposed appointee's to the extent of their re-appointment.

By Order of the Board For **Kumar Autocast Limited** 

Place: Ludhiana Date: 05.09.2018

> (Ajay Kumar Sood) Whole Time Director (DIN: - 00685585) House No 2086, Phase-1, Dugri Road, Urban Estate Ludhiana, Pb

### **KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED**

Regd. Office: - C-179, Focal Point, Phase VI, Ludhiana-141010, Punjab. Email Id: <u>asood@kumarautocast.com</u> Telephone No: 0161-2671428 CIN: - L27101PB1985PLC006100

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

To,

The Members,

The Directors of your Company have pleasure in presenting their **33**<sup>rd</sup>**Annual Report** on the affairs of the Company together with the Audited Accounts of the Company for the year ended **March 31, 2018.** 

(Amt. in Lacs)

#### 1. FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Company's financial performance, for the year ended March 31, 2018 is summarized below:

	(Ant. III Lats)		
PARTICULARS	<u>2017-18</u>	<u>2016-17</u>	
Revenue from operations(Gross)	3765.55	3685.53	
Profit before Depreciation, Interest & Tax (PBDIT)	229.83	200.57	
Less: Interest & Financial Expenses	37.59	36.64	
Profit Before Depreciation & Tax (PBDT)	192.24	163.93	
Less: Depreciation	45.72	38.59	
Profit Before Tax (PBT)	146.52	125.34	
Less: Provision For Taxation	35.72	37.36	
Deferred Tax Charge	6.17	4.35	
Add: Deferred Tax Assets	-	-	

Profit For The Period and After Tax (PAT)	104.63	81.83
Earnings Per Share (Rs.)		
-Basic	2.02	1.58
-Diluted	2.02	1.58
Balance Available for Appropriation	104.63	81.83
Less: Proposed Dividend on Equity Shares	-	-
Tax on Proposed Dividend	-	-
Transfer to General Reserve	-	-
Surplus Carried to Balance Sheet	104.63	82.60

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) notified under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. For all periods upto and including the year ending 31 March 2017, the company prepared its financial statements in accordance with the accounting standards notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 in terms of Rule 7 of The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014) and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard, if initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. Management evaluates all recently issued or revised accounting standards on an ongoing basis.

#### 2. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT:

#### A. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS AND STATE OF COMPANY AFFAIRS:

#### **PRODUCTION & SALES REVIEW:**

During the year, the Revenue from operations was **Rs. 3759.71 Lacs** as against **Rs. 3680.74 Lacs** in the previous year. The Company earned other income of **Rs. 5.84 Lacs** during the year as against **Rs. 4.79 Lacs** during last year.

#### **PROFITABILITY:**

The Company earned profit before depreciation, interest and tax of **Rs. 229.83 Lacs** as against **Rs. 200.57** Lacs in the previous year. After providing for depreciation of **Rs. 45.72 Lacs** (Previous Year **Rs. 38.59** Lacs), the profit after tax was **Rs. 104.63 Lacs** as against **Rs. 81.83 Lacs** last year.

#### B. <u>RESOURCE UTILISATION</u>:

#### FIXED ASSETS:

The net fixed assets as at 31st March, 2018 were **Rs. 416.05 Lacs** as against previous year's fixed assets of **Rs. 362.62 Lacs**. During the year, there were additions of fixed assets amounting to **Rs. 100.85 Lacs** Previous Year **Rs. 125.83 Lacs**.

#### **CURRENT ASSETS:**

The net current assets as on 31st March, 2017 were **Rs. 12, 59, 96,395.63** as against **Rs. 12, 84, 15,442.48** in the previous year.

#### C. FINANCIAL CONDITIONS AND LIQUIDITY:

Management believes that the Company's liquidity and capital resources are sufficient to meet its expected working capital needs and other anticipated cash requirements. The position of liquidity and capital resources of the Company is given below: -

#### CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:

		(Amt in Lakhs.)
Particulars	2017-18	2016-17
Beginning of the Year	(115.81)	(347.73)
End of the Year	(126.03)	(115.81)
Net Cash provided/(used) by:		
- Operating Activities	189.33	274.22
- Investing Activities	(93.34)	(115.49)
- Financing Activities	(66.21)	33.18

#### 3. <u>DIVIDEND</u>

To keep and conserve the profits and reserves for future expansion of the company the Board of Directors of the company has not recommended any dividend for the year **2017-2018**.

#### 4. EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

As required pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, an extract of annual return in MGT-9 as a part of this Annual Report as ANNEXURE I.

#### 5. <u>NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD</u>

The Board meets at regular intervals to discuss and decide on Company / business policy and strategy apart from other Board business.

The notice of Board meeting is given well in advance to all the Directors. Usually, meetings of the Board are held in Registered Office, Ludhiana to discuss the complex business strategies. The Agenda of the Board / Committee meetings is circulated at least a week prior to the date of the meeting. The Agenda for

the Board and Committee meetings includes detailed notes on the items to be discussed at the meeting to enable the Directors to take an informed decision.

The Board met **Eleven** times in financial year 2017–18 viz., on 26.04.2017, 22.05.2017, 03.08.2017, 11.08.2017, 08.09.2017, 01.11.2017, 09.11.2017, 16.12.2017, 09.02.2018, 13.03.2018, 28.03.2018. The maximum interval between any two meetings did not exceed 120 days

#### 5. DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

To the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them, your Directors make the following statements in terms of Section 134(3) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013:

**a**). that in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;

**b**). that the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;

c). that the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the Assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;

d). that Directors' have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;

**e**). the directors, had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively;

**f**). the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

#### 6. COMMENTS ON AUDITORS REPORT

There are no qualifications, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer made:

- (i) By the auditor in his report; and
- (ii) By the company secretary in practice in his secretarial audit report.

#### 7. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

There were no loans, guarantees or investments made by the Company under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year under review and hence the said provision is not applicable.

#### 8. <u>PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS MADE WITH RELATED</u> <u>PARTIES:</u>

All contracts / arrangements / transactions entered by the Company during the financial year with related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis. The details of material

contracts/ arrangements/ transactions at arm's length basis for the year ended 31st March, 2018 is annexed hereto in **Form AOC-2** and forms part of this report as **ANNEXUREII.** 

#### 9. TRANSFER TO RESERVES

NIL amounts is transferred to the General Reserve. However an amount of **Rs. 104.63 Lakhs** are proposed to be retained in the surplus.

#### 10<u>. TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND TO INVESTOR EDUCTION AND PROTECTION</u> <u>FUND</u>

In accordance with the provisions of Section 125(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 company has not having any unpaid dividend or excess share application amount in the book of accounts. As company has not declared any dividend in the previous year, hence no amount is transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund.

#### 11. <u>MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENT IF ANY AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL</u> <u>POSITION OF THE COMPANY OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL</u> <u>YEAR TO WHICH THIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF THE</u> <u>REPORT:</u>

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company occurred between the ends of the financial year to which these financial statements relate on the date of this report.

#### 12. <u>CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE</u> EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

Energy conservation continues to be an area of major emphasis in our Company. Efforts are made to optimize the energy cost while carrying out the manufacturing operations. Particulars with respect to conservation of energy and other areas as per Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, are annexed hereto and form part of this report as **Annexure III** and is attached to this report.

#### 13. <u>CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY</u>

The Company has not developed and implemented any Corporate Social Responsibility initiatives as the said provisions as per section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.

#### 14. BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to the provisions of the Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(4)of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the Board has carried out an annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the directors individually as well as the evaluation of the working of its Audit, Nomination & Remuneration and Compliance Committees. The performance evaluations of all the independent Directors have been done by the entire board excluding the director being evaluated. On the basis of the performance evaluation done by the board it shall be determined whether to extend or continue their term of appointment, whenever their respective term expires.

#### 15. SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

The Company does not have any Subsidiary, Joint venture or Associate Company.

#### 16. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

16. <u>FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS</u> (Amt. in Lacs										
PARTICULARS	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14					
Revenue from operations(Gross)	3765.55	3685.53	2987.61	2972.51	2890.22					
TOTAL INCOME	3765.55	3685.53	2994.18	2979.44	2893.38					
EarningsbeforeDepreciation,FinanceCostCost&Taxexpenses(EBDIT)	229.83	200.57	174.92	189.96	178.87					
Less: Depreciation & Amortization	45.72	38.59	31.54	37.84	30.62					
Finance Cost	37.59	36.41	43.28	46.35	35.89					
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	106.10	80.98	100.10	105.76	112.36					
Equity Dividend%	-	-	-	-	-					
Dividend payout	-	-	-	-	-					
Equity Share Capital	518.70	24.70	24.70	24.70	24.61					
Equity Share Suspense Account	-	-	-	-	-					
Equity Share warrants	-	-	-	-	-					
Reserves & Surplus	429.86	833.35	751.90	650.71	572.85					
Net Worth	948.56	858.05	776.60	675.41	597.46					
Borrowings(Longterm&Shortterm)	564.61	328.87	456.29	332.32	305.14					

Gross Fixed Assets	501.05	696.60	594.39	627.41	540.10
Less: Depreciation					
Net Fixed Assets	362.82	362.60	285.05	248.00	194.52
Investments	-	-	-	-	-
Face Value Per Share	10	10	10	10	10
EPS(Basic & Diluted)	2.02	33.44	22.12	28.95	30.87

\*Company has allotted the bonus shares to its existing shares holders, which impact the EPS, as the number of paid up shares has been increased in ratio of 1:20.

#### 17. <u>DEPOSITS</u>

The Company has not accepted and does not intend to accept any deposits from the public. As at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018 there are no outstanding/unclaimed deposits from the public.

#### 18. SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS

There are no significant material orders passed by the Regulators/Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

#### 19. <u>NUMBER OF CASES FILED, IF ANY, AND THEIR DISPOSAL UNDER SECTION 22 OF</u> <u>THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORK PLACE (PREVENTION,</u> <u>PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013</u>

Your Company has Zero tolerance towards any action on the part of any one which may fall under the ambit of 'Sexual Harassment' at workplace, and is fully committed to uphold and maintain the dignity of every women working with the Company. The Policy framed by the Company in this regard provides for protection against sexual harassment of women at workplace and for prevention and redressal of such complaints.

#### 20. <u>PARTICULARS NO. OF COMPLAINTS TO PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSEMENT</u> <u>COMMITEE</u>

Number of Complaints pending as on beginning of the financial year NIL

Number of Complaints filed during the financial year NIL

Number of Complaints pending as on the end of the financial year NIL

#### 21. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has well defined internal control system. The Company takes abundant care to design, review and monitor the working of internal control system. Internal audit in the organization is an

independent appraisal activity and all significant issues are brought to the attention of the Audit Committee of the Board.

#### 22. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL:

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. During the year, such controls were tested and no reportable material weaknesses in the design or operation were observed.

#### 23. A). DIRECTORS

#### i). APPOINTMENTS

#### **INDEPENDENT/WOMEN DIRECTOR**

At the 29<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company held on **30.09.2014**, the Members of the Company had designate **Sh. Ramesh Kumar Sharma**, **Sh. Kamalinder Kumar Singla** and **Sh. Jatinder Kumar Malik** as an Independent Directors of the Company, for a period of 5 years with effect from 06.12.2013. All Independent Directors have given declarations that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under **Section 149(6)** of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 149(6):**

All the Independent Directors have submitted their disclosures to the board that they fulfill all the requirements as stipulated in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 so as to qualify themselves to be appointed as Independent Directors.

#### ii). RETIREMENT BY ROTATION

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 Sh. Arun Kumar Sood (Holding DIN. 00685937), Sh. Ajay Kumar Sood (Holding DIN 00685585) Whole-time Director of the Company retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.

#### B). KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

There are no changes in the composition of Key Managerial Personnel during the year, and company has complied with the provisions of section 203 of Companies Act, 2013.

#### 24. AUDITORS AND AUDITORS REPORT

#### A). STATUTORY AUDITORS

According to the provisions of Section 139, 142 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors), Rules, 2014 **M/s Ashwani & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Ludhiana**, be and are hereby appointed as Statutory Auditors of the company for a period of Five years from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 37<sup>th</sup> AGM at a remuneration as approved by Chairman of the company

#### B). SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

**M/s Kiranpreet & Associates**, Company Secretary in Practice, were appointed as Secretarial Auditor of the Company by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on 21.05.2018 for the financial year 2017-18

The Secretarial Auditors of the Company have submitted their Report in Form No. MR-3 as required under Section 204, of the Companies Act, 2013 for the financial year ended 31st March, 2018. The Report forms part of this report as **Annexure IV**.

#### C). INTERNAL AUDITOR:

**M/s J.S Bahl & Co, Chartered Accountants**, were appointed as Internal Auditor of the Company pursuant to provisions of **Section 138** of the Companies Act, 2013 by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on 21.05.2018 to conduct internal audit of the functions and activities of the Company and maintain internal control systems of the Company.

#### 25. BOARD COMMITTEES

#### A. AUDIT & RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

The Audit and Risk Management committee of the Board of Directors was re-constituted on **18.06.2014** in conformity of provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The committee comprises of two Independent directors i.e. **Sh. Ramesh Kumar Sharma**, **Sh. Jatinder Kumar Malik** and one executive director **Sh. Ajay Kumar Sood.** Sh. Ramesh Kumar Sharma is the Chairperson of the said committee. The Committee met Four (4) times during the year.

#### **B. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee was re-constituted by the Board on **18.06.2014**, consisting of two Non Executive Independent directors i.e. **Sh. Ramesh Kumar Sharma**, **Sh. Kamalinder Kumar Singla** and one executive director **Sh. Ajay Kumar Sood**. Sh. Kamalinder Kumar Singla is the Chairperson of said Committee. The Committee met three times during the year under review.

#### 26. POLICIES

#### A). VIGIL MECGHANISM AND WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

Pursuant to provisions of **Section 177 (9)** of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has established a "Vigil Mechanism" incorporating Whistle Blower Policy in terms of the Listing Agreement for employees and directors of the Company, for expressing the genuine concerns of unethical behavior, frauds or violation of the codes of conduct by way of direct access to the Chairman/Chairman of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases. The Company has also provided adequate safeguards against victimization of employees and Directors who express their concerns

#### B). REMUNERATION POLICY

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Company has formulated the Nomination & Remuneration policy on Director's appointment and remuneration includes the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a director and other matters as provided under **Section** 

**178(3)** of the Companies Act, 2013. The Nomination & Remuneration Policy is annexed thereto and form part of this Report as **ANNEXURE V.** 

#### C). <u>RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY</u>

The Audit & Risk Management Committee has formulated Risk Management Policy of the Company which has been subsequently approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The aim of risk management policy is to maximize opportunities in all activities and to minimize adversity. The policy includes identifying types of risks and its assessment, risk handling and monitoring and reporting, which in the opinion of the Board may threaten the existence of the Company.

#### D). RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION POLICY

Related Party Transaction Policy, as formulated by the Company defines the materiality of related party transactions and lays down the procedures of dealing with Related Party Transactions that may have potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. Transactions entered with related parties as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 during the Financial Year 2017-18 were mainly in the Ordinary Course of business and on an arm's length basis. Prior approval of the Audit and Risk Management Committee is obtained by the Company before entering into any Related Party Transaction as per the applicable provisions of the Companies Act 2013

#### 27. <u>SHARES</u>

#### A). BUY BACK OF SECURITIES

The Company has not bought back any of its securities during the year under review.

#### B). <u>SWEAT EQUITY</u>

The Company has not issued any Sweat Equity Shares during the year under review.

#### C). BONUS SHARES

Company has allotted 4,940,000 Equity shares via Bonus Issue at a ratio of (1:20) i.e in the proportion of 20 (Twenty) new Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each for every 1 (One) Equity Share of Rs. 10/- each held by shareholder as on the Record Date.

#### D). EMPLOYEES STOCK OPTION PLAN

The Company has not provided any Stock Option Scheme.

#### 28. HUMAN RESOURCES /INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS:

The Company continues to lay emphasis on building and sustaining an excellent organization climate based on human performance. Performance management is the key word for the company. During the year the Company employed around 263 employees.

Pursuit of proactive policies for industrial relations has resulted in a peaceful and harmonious situation on the shop floors of the various plants.

#### 29. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES AND RELATED DISCLOSURES:

The disclosures in respect of managerial remuneration as required under section 197(12) read with **Rule 5**(1) of the Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is annexed hereto and form part of this report as **Annexure VI**.

None of the employee of the Company receives salary of **Rs. 60 Lacs** per annum or **Rs. 5 Lacs** per month or more during the Financial Year 2017-2018 as per Rule **5(2)** and **5(3)** Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

In terms of section **197(14)** of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company does not have any Holding or Subsidiary Company.

#### 30. LISTING WITH STOCK EXCHANGE

The Shares of the Company were listed on Ludhiana Stock Exchange Ltd but due to de-recognition of said stock exchange, LSE shall no longer be performing any Stock Exchange related activities post December 30, 2014.

In accordance with the SEBI guidelines, LSE has entered into agreement with National Stock Exchange (NSE) for shifting the Exclusive listed companies on Dissemination Board of NSE. National Stock Exchange Ltd vide circular no.**NSE/CML/28210** dated **November 28, 2014** has placed Exclusive listed companies of LSE on Dissemination Board and will be available for buying and selling on Dissemination Board of NSE w.e.f. December 01, 2014.

As per the SEBI circular no. CIR/ MRD/ DSA/ 14/ 2012 dated 30<sup>th</sup> May, 2012, the Companies on Dissemination Board, shall get its shares relisted on the any stock exchange having nationwide terminals, or provide the exit opportunity to its shareholders. In compliance of the above said circular, the Board has made the Re-listing application to Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India (MSEI) and the equity shares of company has admitted for listing by MSEI w.e.f 1<sup>st</sup> of March 2018 vide circular number MSE/LIST/6063/2018 dated 27<sup>th</sup> of February, 2018.

#### 31. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Regulation 27 of SEBI (Listing Obligation & Disclosure Requirements), 2015 which outlines the corporate governance report is not applicable to our company, as our company's paid up capital is less than 10 crores and net worth is less than 25 crores for F.Y 2017 - 18.

#### 32. STATUTORY DISCLOSURES

None of the Directors of the Company are disqualified under the provisions of section 164 of the Companies Act 2013. The Directors have made the requisite disclosures, as required under the Companies Act 2013.

#### 33. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Board of Directors places on record its sincere appreciation for the dedicated services rendered by the employees of the Company at all levels and the constructive co-operation extended by them. Your Directors would like to express their grateful appreciation for the assistance and support by all

Government Authorities, Auditors, financial institutions, banks, suppliers, other business associates and last but not the least the Shareholders.

By and on behalf of the Board **Kumar Autocast Limited** 

Dated: 29.06.2018 Place: Ludhiana

> Ajay Kumar Sood DIN: 00685585 2086, Phase-1, Urban, Estate, Dugri, Ludhiana

Arun Kumar Sood DIN: 00685937 2086, Phase-1,Urban Estate, Dugri, Ludhiana

#### **ANNEXURE 1 - EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN**

(Referred to Paragraph 17 under "Annual Return" section of our Report of even date)

#### FORM NO. MGT 9

As on financial year ended on 31.03.2018

Pursuant to Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Company (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014.

#### I. REGISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS:

_		
1	CIN	L27101PB1985PLC006100
2	Registration Date	09/01/1985
3	Name of the Company	KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED
4	Category/Sub-category of the Company	Company Limited By Shares
		Non-govt company
5	Address of the Registered office & contact	C-179, Focal Point, Phase VI, Ludhiana, Punjab.
	details	Telephone No: 0161-267142
6	Whether listed company	Listed
7	Name, Address & contact details of the	Skyline Financial Services (P) Ltd
	Registrar & Transfer Agent, if any.	D – 153A, 1 <sup>st</sup> Floor, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase 1,
		New Delhi $- 110020$
1		

#### **II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY**

(All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated)

S. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/service	% to total turnover of the company
1	Casting	243-Casting of metals	100%

#### III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

Name and address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary / Associate	% of shares held	Applicable Section					
NIL									
		the Company	the Company Subsidiary / Associate	the Company Subsidiary shares / Associate held					

#### **IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN**

(Equity share capital breakup as percentage of total equity)

		/ise Share Ho	e e							
Category of	No. of Sł	nares held at	the beginn	ing of the	No. of Sl					
Shareholder		yea	ır				%			
s		[As on 31-M	arch-2017							
				-					Change	
				% of				% of	during the year	
	Demat	Physical	Total	Total	Demat	Physical	Total	Total	the year	
				Shares				Shares		
A.										
Promoters										
(1) Indian										
a) Individual/		178900	178900	72.43%	3756900	-	3756900	72.43%	2000%	
HUF	-	178900	170900	12.4370	3730900	-	3730900	12.4570	2000 //	
пог										
b) Central	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Govt										
c) State	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	
Govt(s)										
d) Bodies			-	-						
Corp.		_	_	_	_	_				
corp.										
e) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
f) Any other										
f) Any other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sub Total	-	178900	178900	72.43%	3756900	-	3756900	72.43%	2000%	
(A) (1)										

(i) Category-wise Share Holding

TOTAL (A)	-	178900	1798900	72.43%	3756900	-	3756900	72.43%	2000%
Sub Total (A) (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) Any other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Bodies Corp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Other Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
a) NRI Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(2) Foreign									

#### B. Public Shareholding

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year [As on 31-March-2017]				No. of S [4	% Change					
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physic al	Total	% of Total Shares	during the year		
1. Institutions	1. Institutions										
a) Mutual Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
b) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
c) Central Govt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
d) State Govt(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
e) Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
f) Insurance Companies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
g) FIIs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

i) Others (specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Sub-total (B)(1):-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
2. Non-Institutions												
a) Bodies Corp.												
i) Indian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
ii) Overseas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
b) Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs 1 lakh		-		-		883050	883050	17.02%	100%			
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital uptoRs. 1 lakh	-	58000	58000	23.48%	-	334950	334950	6.45%	477.50%			
c) Others (specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Non Resident Indians	-	10100	10100	4.09%	-	212100	212100	4.09%	2000%			
Overseas Corporate Bodies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Foreign Nationals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Clearing Members	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Trusts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Foreign Bodies - D R	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Sub-total (B)(2):-	-	68100	68100	27.57%	-	68100	68100	27.57%	2000%			
Total Public (B)	-	68100	68100	27.57%	-	1430100	1430100	27.57%	2000%			

Category of Shareholders		hares held a the ye As on 31-Ma	ar	0		ares held at As on 31-M		•	% Change
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	during the year
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A+B+C)	0.00	247000	247000	100.00 %	3756900	1430100	5187000	100.00%	2000%

#### C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs

#### (ii) Shareholding of Promoter

		Sharehol	ding at the h the year	beginning of	Shareh	olding at th year	e end of the	%
SN	Shareholder's Name	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged/ encumbere d to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbere d to total shares	change during the year
1	Arun Kumar Sood	83,950	33.99%	0.00	1762950	33.99%	0.00	2000%
2	Ajay Kumar Sood	32,200	13.04%	0.00	67620	13.04%	0.00	2000%
3	Ashish Kumar Sood	39,050	15.81%	0.00	820050	15.81%	0.00	2000%
4	Shama Sood	13,550	5.49%	0.00	284550	5.49%	0.00	2000%
5	Alka Sood	50	0.02%	0.00	1050	0.02%	0.00	2000%
6	Seema Sood	10100	4.09%	0.00	212100	4.09%	0.00	2000%

(iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

SN	Particulars	Date	Reason	Sharehold beginning	-	Cumulative S during th	U
				No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares
	At the beginning of the year			178900	72.43%	178900	72.43%
	Changes during the year	08.09.17	Bonus Issue	-	-	3578000	72.43%
	At the end of the year			3756900	72.43%	3756900	72.43%

#### (iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders

(Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

SN	For each of the Top	Date	Reason	Sharehold beginning o	0		Shareholding the Year
	10 shareholders			No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares
1	Raghubir Singh Panchal						
	At the beginning of the year			10100	4.09%	10100	4.09%
	Changes during the year	08.09.17	Bonus Issue	202000	2000%	202000	2000%
	At the end of the year			212100	4.09%	212100	4.09%
2	Sh. Parajit Singh						
	At the beginning of the year			5000	2.03%	5000	2.03%
	Changes during the	08.09.17	Bonus	10000	2000%	10000	2000%

	year		Issue				
	At the end of the year			105000	2.03%	105000	2.03%
3	Smt. Rajinder Kaur						
	At the beginning of the year			4100	1.66%	4100	1.66%
	Changes during the year	08.09.17	Bonus Issue	82000	2000%	82000	2000%
	At the end of the year			86100	1.66%	86100	1.66%
4	Sh. Preet Mohinder Singh						
	At the beginning of the year			4000	1.62%	4000	1.62%
	Changes during the year	08.09.17	Bonus Issue	80000	2000%	80000	2000%
	At the end of the year			84000	1.62%	84000	1.62%
5	Sh. Vinod Sagar						
	At the beginning of the year			3500	1.42%	3500	1.42%
	Changes during the year	08.09.17	Bonus Issue	70000	2000%	70000	2000%
	At the end of the year			73500	1.42%	73500	1.42%
6	Smt. Renu Sharma						
	At the beginning of the year			3500	1.42%	3500	1.42%
	Changes during the year	08.09.17	Bonus Issue	70000	2000%	70000	2000%
	At the end of the year			73500	1.42%	73500	1.42%

7	Sh. Rakesh Dhanda						
	At the beginning of the year			2600	1.05%	2600	1.05%
	Changes during the year	08.09.17	Bonus Issue	52000	2000%	52000	2000%
	At the end of the year			54600	1.05%	54600	1.05%
8	Sh. Bikram Singh						
	At the beginning of the year			2050	0.83%	2050	0.83%
	Changes during the year	08.09.17	Bonus Issue	41000	2000%	41000	2000%
	At the end of the year			43050	0.83%	43050	0.83%
9	Sh. Surinder Abrol						
	At the beginning of the year			2050	0.83%	2050	0.83%
	Changes during the year	08.09.17	Bonus Issue	41000	2000%	41000	2000%
	At the end of the year			43050	0.83%	43050	0.83%
10	Sh. Ramesh Kumar Sharma						
	At the beginning of the year			2000	0.81%	2000	0.81%
	Changes during the year	08.09.17	Bonus Issue	40000	2000%	40000	2000%
	At the end of the year			42000	0.81%	42000	0.81%

(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

SN	Shareholding of each Directors and each Key	Date	Reason	Shareholdi beginning o	-	Cumu Shareholdi the y	ng during
	Managerial Personnel			No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares
1	Arun Kumar Sood						
	At the beginning of the year			83,950	33.99%	83,950	33.99%
	Changes during the year	08.09.17	Bonus Issue	1,679,000	2000%	1,679,000	2000%
	At the end of the year			1,762,950	33.99%	1,762,950	33.99%
2	Ajay Kumar Sood						
	At the beginning of the year			32,200	13.04%	32,200	13.04%
	Changes during the year	08.09.17	Bonus Issue	644,000	2000%	644,000	2000%
	At the end of the year			676,200	13.04%	676,200	13.04%
3	Ashish Kumar Sood						
	At the beginning of the year			39,050	15.81%	39,050	15.81%
	Changes during the year	08.09.17	Bonus Issue	781,000	2000%	781,000	2000%
	At the end of the year			820,050	15.81%	820,050	15.81%
4	Pranav Khanna						
	At the beginning of the year			1000	0.40%	1000	0.40%
	Changes during the year	08.09.17	Bonus Issue	20000	2000%	20000	2000%
	At the end of the year			21,000	0.40%	21,000	0.40%

\*Other directors and KMP's do not have any shareholding in the company as on 31.03.2018

#### V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment.

Particulars	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
	Indebtedness at the beg	ginning of the finan	cial year	
i) Principal Amount	3,28,87,442.22	-	-	32,887,442.22
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	
Total (i+ii+iii)	3,28,87,442.22	-	-	32,887,442.22
	Change in Indebtednes	ss during the finance	cial year	
Addition				
Loan Taken	23,622,265.59	-	-	23,622,265.59
Interest On Loan		-	-	
Reduction				
Loan Repaid	-	-	-	-
Net Change	23,622,265.59	-	-	23,622,265.59
	Indebtedness at the	end of the financia	l year	
i) Principal Amount	56,509,707.81	-	-	56,509,707.81
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	
Total (i+ii+iii)	56,509,707.81	-	-	56,509,707.81

#### VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

#### A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager	Total
			Amount

1.	Gross salary	Arun Kumar	Ajay Kumar	Ashish Kumar	
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	2,600,000	2,600,000	2,600,000	7,800,000
	<ul><li>(b) Value of perquisites u/s</li><li>17(2) Income-tax Act,</li><li>1961</li></ul>	-	-	-	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961				
2.	Stock Option	-			-
3.	Sweat Equity	-			-
4.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify	-			-
5.	Others, please specify (Medical Reimbursement)	127,000	30,000	31,000	1,88,000
6.	Total (A)	2,727,000	2,630,000	2,631,000	7,988,000
	Ceiling as per the Act (As per Schedule V for Companies having Inadequate Profits)	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	9,000,000 in accordance to effective capital

#### **B. Remuneration to other directors:**

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name o	of MD/W	TD/ Mana	ger	Total Amount
	<ul> <li>Independent Directors</li> <li>Fee for attending board committee meetings</li> <li>Commission</li> <li>Others, please specify</li> </ul>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-
	Total (1)					
	Other Non-Executive Directors · Fee for attending board committee meetings · Commission · Others, please specify	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-
	Total (2)	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (B)=(1+2)	-	-	-	-	-
	Total Managerial Remuneration					

Overall Ceiling as per the Act
--------------------------------

#### C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel Other Than MD /Manager /WTD

Sl. no.	Particulars of	Key Managerial Personnel					
	Remuneration						
		CEO	Company Secretary	CFO	Total		
1.	Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax	N/A	2,16,000	220,000	4,36,000		
	Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961						
2.	Stock Option	N/A	N/A	N/A	-		
3.	Sweat Equity	N/A	N/A	N/A	-		
4.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify	N/A	N/A	N/A	-		
5.	Others, please specify						
6.	Total	-	2,16,000	220,000	4,36,000		

#### PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Туре	Section of the companies Act	Brief description	Details of Penalty/ Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority[RD /NCLT/Court]	Appeal made. If any(give details)
A. Company					
Penalty	Nil				
Punishment	Nil				
Compounding	Nil				
B. Directors		•			
Penalty	Nil				
Punishment	Nil				
Compounding	Nil				
C. Other Officers	In Default				

Penalty	Nil		
Punishment	Nil		
Compounding	Nil		

By and on behalf of the Board Kumar Autocast Limited

Dated: 29.06.2018 Place: Ludhiana

> Ajay Kumar Sood DIN: 00685585 2086, Phase-1, Urban, Estate, Dugri, Ludhiana

Arun Kumar Sood DIN: 00685937 2086, Phase-1,Urban Estate, Dugri, Ludhiana

#### ANNEXURE'II'

#### FORM NO. AOC -2

# (Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transaction under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis.

SL. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Name (s) of the related party	1. NIL
	Nature of Relationship	None
2.	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	None
3.	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transaction	NIL
4.	Amount (In Lakhs)	N.A.
5.	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	N.A.
6.	Date of approval by the Board	

2. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at Arm's length basis.

SL. No.	Particulars	Details		
1.	Name (s) of the related party	1. Kumar Exports (UNIT-1)		
	Nature of Relationship	Associate Firm		
2.	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	Purchases/Labour Job		
3.	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transaction	Ongoing		
4.	Amount (In Rs.)	Rs. 513.45/- Lakhs		
5.	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	<ul> <li>i) Purchase of Casting and Forging Materials</li> <li>ii) Labour Job of metal forging parts.</li> </ul>		
6.	Date of approval by the Board	26.04.2017		

SL.	Particulars	Details
No.		
1.	Name (s) of the related party	1. Kumar Exports
	Nature of Relationship	Associate Firm
2.	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	Sales
3.	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transaction	Ongoing
4.	Amount (In Rs.)	Rs. 2519.99 Lakhs
5.	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	Sales of Casting and Forging Materials
6.	Date of approval by the Board	26.04.2017

By and on behalf of the Board **Kumar Autocast Limited** 

Dated: 29.06.2018 Place: Ludhiana

> Ajay Kumar Sood DIN: 00685585 2086, Phase-1, Urban, Estate, Dugri, Ludhiana

Arun Kumar Sood DIN: 00685937 2086, Phase-1,Urban Estate, Dugri, Ludhiana

#### ANNEXURE 'III'

#### DISCLOSURE OF PARTICULARS WITH RESPECT TO CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

#### [Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

#### A. <u>CONSERVATION OF ENERGY</u>

#### 1. The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy;

Kumar Autocast Limited continued to emphasize on the conservation and optimal utilization of energy in manufacturing unit of the Company. The energy conservation measures Implemented during FY 2018 are listed below:

- Maintenance of the machines as per schedule.
- Lights in the Factory area are switched off whenever not required.
- Energy audit is conducted and recommendations are implemented.

### 2. Additional Investments & Proposals, if any, being implemented for Reduction of Consumption of Energy:

The company continued its efforts towards effective utilization of energy for reduction in power consumption. The Company is constantly exploring the use of alternate sources of energy that are commensurate with the scale of present operations and the type of products being manufactured.

#### 3. The capital investment on energy conservation equipments;

During the year under review, there was no capital investment on Energy Conservation Equipments.

#### Disclosure of particulars with respect to conservation of energy:

Particulars	2017-18	2016-17
POWER CONSUMPTION		
Units Purchased (KWH)	73,92,773	76,73,323
Amount (Rs.)	54,706,527.85	5,92,25,382.86
Average Rate Per Unit (Rs.)	7.40	7.71

#### B. <u>TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION</u>

#### (1) Efforts, in brief, made towards technology absorption, adaptation and innovation:

• Imparting training to personnel in various manufacturing techniques by experts.

#### (2) Benefits derived like Product Improvement, Cost Reduction, Product Development or

#### Import Substitution as a result of above efforts:

- Increase productivity.
- Power saving.
- Manpower cost reduced.
- Raw materials cost reduction.
- Production wastage reduced.

#### (3) Information regarding technology imported during the last 3 years

•	The Details of Technology Imported	- NIL
•	The Year of Import	- Not Applicable
•	Whether Technology Has been Fully Absorbed	- Not Applicable
•	If Not Fully Absorbed, Areas Where Absorption	- Not Applicable
	has not taken place and the reasons thereof.	

#### (4) Expenditure on Research and Development

During the year under review the company did not incurred any expenses on Research and Development.

#### C. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

During the year under review the company has earn the foreign exchange, the details of the same is described in the financial statements.

By and on behalf of the Board Kumar Autocast Limited

Dated: 29.06.2018 Place: Ludhiana

> Ajay Kumar Sood DIN: 00685585 2086, Phase-1, Urban, Estate, Dugri, Ludhiana

Arun Kumar Sood DIN: 00685937 2086, Phase-1,Urban Estate, Dugri, Ludhiana

#### ANNEXURE 'IV'

#### Form No. MR-3

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31.03.2018.

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members, Kumar Autocast Limited C-179, Focal Point Phase VI, LUDHIANA, Punjab (India).

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices made by **Kumar Autocast Limited** (hereinafter called the company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the books, papers, minutes books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, We hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on **31.03.2018** complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute book, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company for the financial year ended on **31.03.2018** according to the provisions of:

(i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;

(ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder - not applicable during the audit period

(iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;

(iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;

(v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') :-

(a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; – Not applicable during the audit period.

(b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (**Prohibition of Insider Trading**) Regulations, 1992;

(c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;

(d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (**Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme**) Guidelines, 1999; – Not applicable during the audit period.

(e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (**Issue and Listing of Debt Securities**) Regulations, 2008;

(f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (**Registrar to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents**) **Regulations, 1993** regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;

(g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (**Delisting of Equity Shares**) Regulations, 2009; – Not applicable during the audit period.

(h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (**Buyback of Securities**) Regulations, 1998; – Not applicable during the audit period. And

(i)The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015; –

#### (vi) Other Applicable laws.

We have relied on the representation made by the Company & its Officers for system and mechanism formed by the Company for compliances under other applicable Acts as Environmental Laws & Labour Laws.

We have also examined compliance with applicable clauses of the following:-

- (i) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Stock Exchange(s).
- (ii) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

During the period under review the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the **Board Meetings**, Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Adequate notice is given to all directors/members/shareholders to schedule the General Meetings, Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least Twenty One days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

We further report that, during the year, following matters are been taken up;

- i) Company has allotted 4,940,000 Equity shares via Bonus Issue at a ratio of (1:20) i.e in the proportion of 20 (Twenty) new Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each for every 1 (One) Equity Share of Rs. 10/- each held by shareholder as on the Record Date.
- Company has made an application for Direct Listing before the Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Ltd (MSEI), consequently stock exchange has admitted the 5187000 Equity Shares of the company for direct listing w.e.f 1<sup>st</sup> of March, 2018 vide circular number MSE/LIST/6063/2018 dated 27<sup>th</sup> of February, 2018.
- iii) The Company has got the listing approval from Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Ltd on 1<sup>st</sup> of September, 2018. After the date of listing with the stock exchange the company has started making the requisite disclosures to the Stock Exchange. The company was not able to comply with Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Stock Exchange(s) for the period (01.04.2017 01.03.2018) as the same were not applicable during the said period.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

**Place:** Ludhiana **Date**: 29.06.2018

Sd/-Signature Kiranpreet Kaur Kiranpreet & Associates FCS No. 44647 CP No. 16428

:

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report.

#### ★ <u>LIST OF LABOUR LAWS AND ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS WHICH HAVE BEEN</u> <u>VERIFIED DURING AUDIT PERIOD</u>

#### List of Labour Laws

- ➢ Factories Act, 1948
- Industrial Disputes Act, 1947
- ➤ The Payment of Wages Act, 1936
- ➢ The Minimum Wages Act, 1948
- Employee's State Insurance Act, 1948
- ➢ The Payment of Bonus Act, 1972
- ▶ The Apprentices Act, 1961
- > Employee's Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952

#### ✤ List of Environmental Laws

- Environment (Protection) Act, 1986
- ▶ Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974
- ➢ Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981

#### Annexure: -A

29.06.2018

The Members, Kumar Autocast Limited C-179, Phase VI, Focal Point LUDHIANA Punjab (India).

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on the random test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the Company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc and we have relied on such representation for giving our report.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on random test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: Ludhiana Date: 29.06.2018

Signature: Sd/-(Kiranpreet Kaur) FCS No. - 44647 CP No. - 16428

#### ANNEXURE 'V'

#### **NOMINATION & REMUNERATION POLICY OF THE COMPANY:**

#### 1. PREFACE:

Pursuant to the **Section 178** of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the **Rule 6** of the Companies (Meeting of the Board and its powers) Rules, 2014, the Nomination and Remuneration committee of the Board of the Company has formulated a policy to decide the criteria for the appointment and for the remuneration to the Directors, key managerial personnel and other employees. The Policy also aims to attract, motivate and retain manpower in a competitive and global markets scenario which is formulated by the Committee and approved by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on **24.12.2014**.

Produced here below is the "**Nomination & Remuneration Policy**" of the Company in compliance with **Section 178** of the Companies Act, 2013 for the object as mentioned herein.

#### 2. <u>ROLE OF THE COMMITTEE</u>:

- a) To identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in Senior Management in accordance with the criteria laid down and recommend to Board their appointment and removal.
- b) To formulate criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director.
- c) To recommend to the Board remuneration policy related to remuneration of Directors (Whole Time Directors, Executive Directors etc), Key Managerial Personnel and other employees while ensuring the following:-
  - That the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate Directors of the quality required to run the company successfully.
  - That relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks.
  - That remuneration to Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate of the working of the company and its goals.

-To formulate criteria for evaluation of Directors and the Board.

-To devise a policy on Board diversity.

#### 3. MEMBERSHIP:

- a). The Committee shall consist of a minimum 3 non-executive directors, majority of them being Independent.
- b) Minimum two (2) members shall constitute a quorum for the Committee meeting.
- c) Membership of the Committee shall be disclosed in the Annual Report.
- d) Term of the Committee shall be continued unless terminated by the Board of Directors.

#### 4. <u>CHAIRMAN:</u>

- a) Chairman of the Committee shall be an Independent Director.
- b) Chairman of the Company may be appointed as a member of the Committee but shall not be a Chairman of the Committee.
- c) In the absence of the Chairman, the members of the Committee present at the meeting shall choose one amongst them to act as Chairman.
- d) Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee meeting could be present at the Annual General Meeting or may nominate some other member to answer the shareholders' queries.

#### 5. FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS:

The meeting of the Committee shall be held at such regular intervals as may be required.

#### 6. <u>COMMITTEE MEMBERS' INTERESTS:</u>

- a) A member of the Committee is not entitled to be present when his or her own remuneration is discussed at a meeting or when his or her performance is being evaluated.
- b) The Committee may invite such executives, as it considers appropriate, to be present at the meetings of the Committee.

#### 7. <u>SECRETARY:</u>

The Company Secretary of the Company shall act as Secretary of the Committee.

#### 8. VOTING:

- a) Decisions of the Committee shall be decided by a majority of votes of Members present and voting and any such decision shall for all purposes be deemed a decision of the Committee.
- b) In the case of equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting will have a casting vote.

#### 9. MINUTES OF COMMITTEE MEETING:

The minutes of all the proceedings of all meetings must be signed by the Chairman of the Committee at the subsequent meeting. Minutes of the Committee meetings will be tabled at the subsequent Board meetings.

#### 10. EFFECTIVE DATE & AMENDMENTS:

This policy will be effective from **24.12.2014** and may be amended subject to the approval of Board of Directors.

By and on behalf of the Board Kumar Autocast Limited

Ajay Kumar Sood (W.T Director) DIN: 00685585 2086, Phase-1, Urban Estate, Dugri, Ludhiana, 141003

Arun Kumar Sood (Managing Director) DIN: 00685937 2087, Phase-1, Urban Estate, Dugri, Ludhiana, 141003

#### ANNEXURE 'VI'

#### Particulars of Employees and Related Disclosures

#### DETAILS PERTAINING TO REMUNERATION AS REQUIRED UNDER SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 5(1) OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014.

1. The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary during the Financial Year 2017-18, ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the Financial Year 2017-18 and the comparison of remuneration of each Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) against the performance of the Company are as under:

Sr. No.	Name of Director/ KMP and Designation	Remuneration of Director / KMP for the Financial Year 2017-18 (Rs. In Lacs)	% Increase in Remunerati on in the Financial Year 2017- 18	Ratio of Remuneration of each Director / to median remuneration of employees	Comparison of the Remuneration of the KMP against the performance of the Company	
1.	Arun Kumar Sood, Executive Director	27.27	31.73%	18.2:1	Profit before interest,	
2.	Ashish Kumar Sood, Executive Director	26.31	27.22%	18.2:1	depreciation and tax increased by 14.58% and profit after tax increased by 27.86% in financial year 2017-18.	
3.	Ajay Kumar Sood, Executive Director	26.30	26.19%	18.2:1		
4.	Kamalinder Kumar Singla, Non- Executive Independent Director	-	-	-	-	
5.	Ramesh Kumar Sharma, Non- Executive Independent	-	-	-	-	

	Director				
6.	Jatinder Kumar Malik, Non- Executive Independent Director	-	-	-	-
7.	Lalit Kumar Jha (CFO)	218,000	-	1.7:1	Profit before interest, depreciation and tax increased by 14.58% and
8.	Pranav Khanna Company Secretary	216,000	-	1.7:1	profit after tax increased by 27.86% in financial year 2017-18.

\* Details not given as Mr. Kamalinder Kumar Singla, Mr. Ramesh Kumar Sharma and Mr. Jatinder Kumar Malik were appointed as Independent Directors and no such sitting fee is paid to attend the meetings.

# ashwani & chartered accountants

19-3 Judham bingh hagar, Fudhiana (punjab) + 141001 voine — 91-161-2301094, ~ 91-161-2301925 facsimile — 91-161-2302083 mail orfo@ashwarilatspolates in web www.ashwarilatspolates in

#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED

#### Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Kumar Autocast Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "Financial Statements")

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the Financial Position, Financial Performance including other Comprehensive Income, Cash Flows and Changes in Equity of the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act., read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial control that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Financial Statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder. We conducted our audit of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards of mediates issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, as specified under Section 145(20) of the Act. Those



Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Financial Statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Financial Statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2018, its Profit including Other Comprehensive Income, its Cash Flows and the Changes in Equity for the year ended on that date.

#### **Other Matters**

The comparative financial information of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2017 and the transition date opening balance sheet as at April 1, 2016 prepared in accordance with Ind AS, included in these Financial Statements, have been audited by the predecessor auditor who had audited the financial statements for the relevant periods. The report of the predecessor auditor on the comparative financial information and the opening balance sheet dated 22<sup>nd</sup> May 2017 expressed an unmodified opinion.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;



- c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
- e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2018, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2018, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act;
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these Financial Statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B" to this report;
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - (i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Financial Statements. (Refer Note 26.1)
  - (ii) The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on longterm contracts including derivative contracts.
  - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Ashwani & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN:000497N



Partner Membership No.: 506955

Place: Ludhiana Date: June 29, 2018 The Annexure A referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of Our Report of even date to the members of Kumar Autocast Limited on the accounts of the Company for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018

On the basis of such checks, as, we considered appropriate, and, according to the information and explanations given to us during the course of our audit, we report that:

1. (a) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.

(b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of the fixed assets at reasonable intervals. In accordance with this programme, certain fixed assets were verified during the year, and, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

(c) The Company has all the original title deeds of immovable properties in its own name.

- 2. The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable, and, the discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory were not material.
- 3. As per the information furnished, company has not granted any secured or unsecured loans other than Trade Advances, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, therefore no comments is called for.
- 4. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not given any loans, purchased investment, given guarantees and security to the parties covered under section 185 or 188 during the year. Therefore, the provision of clause 3(iv) is not applicable to the Company.
- 5. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the Public. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(v) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- 6. According to the information and explanations provided by the management, the company the provision of section 148(1) of the Act is not applicable to the Company.
- 7. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in



depositing the undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, excise duty, customs duty, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues with the appropriate authorities.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no dues of income-tax, cess, sales tax, service tax, value added tax, customs duty and excise duty which have not been deposited on account of a dispute.

- 8. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowing to a financial institution, government, Bank or dues to debenture holders.
- 9. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (Including Debt instruments). The term loans outstanding at the beginning of the year, and, the new term loans raised during the year, were, applied for the purposes for, which, they were obtained.
- 10. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have, neither, come across any instance of fraud by the Company, or, any fraud on the company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor, have we been informed of such case by the management.
- 11. According to the information and explanations given to us and the books of account verified by us, the managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with schedule V to the Companies Act.
- 12. The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provision of clause 3(xii) is not applicable to the Company.
- 13. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transaction with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013, where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the transactial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.



- 14. According to the records of the company examined by us, the company has not made any private placement or preferential allotment of shares.
- 15. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with directors, or, persons connected with them.
- 16. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For Ashwani & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 000497N

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Partner Membership No.: 506955

Place: Ludhiana Date: June 29, 2018

#### Annexure- B

# To the Independent Auditor's Report on the Standalone Financial Statements of Kumar Autocast Limited.

# Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Kumar Autocast Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2018, in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Financial Statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to the set financial statements, assessing the



risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Financial Statements.

## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting with reference to these Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting with reference to these Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



#### Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, the company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial control over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31,2018, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Ashwani & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 0004971 Aditya

Place: Ludhiana Date: June 29, 2018 Partner Membership No.: 506955

#### KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED

#### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH, 2018

		NOTE	ASAT	AS AT	( <b>Rs in La</b> o AS AT
			31.03.2018	31.03.2017	01.04.2016
	ASSETS				01.04.2010
(1)	Non Current Assets				
	(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	3			
	(b) Capital Work in Progress		416.05	362.62	285.
	(c) Intangible Assets		0.00	0.00	0.
	(d) Financial Assets		0.00	0.00	0
	(i) Investments			1	
	(ii) Loans		0.00	0.00	Ů
	(iii) Other Financial Assets		0.00	0.00	0
	(e) Deffered Tax Assets (Net)	4	71.74	53.45	58.
	(f) Other Non Current Assets		0.00	0.00	0.
	(i) Other Non Current Assets		0.00	0.00	0.
(2)	Current Assets		487.79	416.07	343.
(2)	(a) Inventories				
	(b) Financial Assets	5	100.02	120.37	96.
	(i) Investments		1		
	(ii) Trade Receivable		0.00	0.00	0.
	(iii) Cash and Cash equivalents	6	1,073.60	942.58	1,054.
		7	389.39	94.40	72.
	(iv) Other Bank Balances		0.00	0.00	0.
	(v) Other Financial Assets		0.00	0.00	0.
	(c) Current Tax Assets (Net)	8	2.73	3.62	3,:
	(d) Non Current Assets Held For Sale		0.00	0.00	0.
	(e) Other Current Assets	9	13.15	62.81	21.
			1,578.89	1,223.78	1,248.2
	TOTAL		2,066.68	1,639.85	1,592.1
11	EQUITY & LIABILITIES				1,032.
	Equity				
	(a) Equity Share Capital				
	(b) Other Equity	10	518.70	24.70	24.7
	(b) Other Equity	11	429.86	817.76	736.7
<b>a</b> \			948.56	842.46	761.4
2)	Liabilities				
	Non Current Liabilities				
1	(a) Financial Liabilities				
	(i) Borrowings	12	49.19	77.82	35.4
	(ii) Trade Payables		-	-	
	(b) Provisions	13	16.43	17.88	14.5
	(c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	14	32.98	26.16	22.1
	(c) Other Non Current Liabilities	· ·			-
	0		98.60	121.86	72.2
	Current Liabilities				
	(a) Financial Liabilities	1			
	(i) Borrowings	15	515.42	250.22	420.2
_ (	(ii) Trade Payables	16	261.74	195.65	183.1
	(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	17	173.16	157.70	92.2
	(b) Provisions		-	-	
	(c) Other Current Liabilities	18	69.19	71.96	62.7
		] [	1,019.51	675.53	758.4
	TOTAL		2,066.68	1,639.85	1,592.14
	Significant Accounting Policies	2			
	Notes forming part of Accounts	26			

As per our report of even date attached



ARUN RUMAR SOOD DIRECTOR DIN - 00085937 M. For and on behalf of Board of Directors ASHISH SOOD DIRECTOR DIN - 00672179

LALIT KUMAR CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Hanav PRANAV KHANNA COMPANY SECRETARY

#### KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED

#### STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH,2018

		NOTE		FOR THE YEAR ENDED	)	FOR THE YEAR ENDED
				31.03.2018		31.03.201
I	INCOME					
	Revenue From Operations	19		3,759.71		3,680.7
	Other Income	20		5.84		3,600.7
		10				
	TOTAL REVENSE (I + II)			3,765.55		3,685.5
II	EXPENSES					
	Cost of Materiais Consumed	21	•	2,720.10		2,530.
	Change in Inventories of Finished Goods, Work-in- Progress, Stock-in-Trade	22		35.53		(14.8
	Excise Duty on sale of goods			79.53		366.3
	Employee Benefits Expenses	23		420.58		393.
	Finance Costs	24		37.59		36.4
	Depreciation and Amortization Expense	3		45.72		38.5
	Other Expenses	25		279.98		211.3
	·					
	TOTAL EXPENSES (IV)			3,619.03		3,561.9
[1]	Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax from					
	continuing operations (III-IV)			146.52		123.5
	Expectional Items			-		-
IV .	Profit/ (loss) before tax from continuing operations (V-					
	VI)			146.52		123,
v	TAX EXPENSE :					
	Current Tax		35.72		36.19	
	Earlier Year		-		1.17	
			35.72		37.36	
	Deferred ⊺ax		6.17	41.89	4.35	41.1
VI	Profit/ (Loss) for the Year from continuing operations					
	{VII-VIII}			104.63		81.8
VII	Other Comprehensive Income					
	(A) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss					
	Other (specify nature)					
	Income tax effect					
	(B) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			м.		
	Re-measurement gains (losses) on defined benefit plans		(2.13)		1.24	
	Income tax effect		0.66		(0.39)	
			·			
	Other Comprehensive Income for the year net of Tax			(1.47)		0.
	Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (IX+X)					
	(Comprising Profit/ (Loss) and Other Comprehensive	-				
VIII	Income for the Year)			106.10		80.1
IX	Earnings per equity share of `10 each					
	(1) Basic			2.02		1.5
	(2) Diluted			2.02		1.5
	Significant Accounting Policies	2				
	Notes forming part of Accounts	26				

The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached FOR ASHWANI & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accounteres As

(Firm Reg stral ADITYA KU Partner REDACC

PLACE: Ludhiana DATE : 29th June,2018

For and on behalf of Board of Directors w 1 ASHISH SOOD ARUN KU OOD DIRECTOR DIN-00685937 DIRECTOR DIN- 00672179 Hanav 

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

PRANAV KHANNA COMPANY SECRETARY

#### KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 315T MARCH, 2018

					(Rs in Lac	
EQUITY			-54			
(A) Equity Share Capital						
Particular				Nos.	Amou	
Balance As At 01.04.2016				2.47	24,	
Equity share capital issued during the year						
Balance As At 31.03.2017				2.47	24.	
Equity share capital/Bonus shares issued during the year				49.40	494	
Balance As At 31.03.2018				51.87	518.	
(B) Other Equity						
	Reserves and surplus			Total		
	Capital reserves	General reserve	Retained Earning			
As At 01.04.2016	14.60	113.53	608.65	736.78		
Profit/(Loss) for the Year	-		81.83	81.83		
Other comprehensive for the year net of						
ncome tax			-0.85	-0.85		
Dividend including dividend distribution tax		-	_			
As At 31.03.2017	14.60	113.53	689.63	817.76		
Profit/(Loss) for the period	-	-	104.63	104.63		
Other comprehensive for the year net of						
ncome tax	-	-	1.47	1.47		
Addition during the year	-	-	-	-		
Deletion during the year	-	-	494.00	494.00		
As At 31.03.2018	14.60	113,53	301.73	429.86		
Significant Association Delision	2					
Significant Accounting Policies Notes forming part of Accounts	2 26					
The accompanying notes are integral part of t	he financial statemen	ts.				
OR ASHWANIN ASSOCIATES	For and on behalf of Board of Directors					
Chartered Accountants			$\Lambda$ $d -$		1.1/000	
Firm Repis/ation Noten0497 V		-	te (alla		1. 100	
		-	Clever		W	
FRN: 000ASN SH			ARUN KUMAR SOOD		SHISH SOOD	
			DIRECTOR		RECTOR	
Partner RED ACCOUNT			DIN - 00685937		N-00672179 ວຽ	
				শ্ব	anav	
		· · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	÷		
PLACE: Ludhiana DATE : 29th June,2018			LALIT KUMAR CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICE		RANAV KHANNA OMPANY SECRETA	

#### KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH,2018

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2018

		Year Ended	Year Ended
ļ		31.03.2018	31.03.201
a	Cash flows from operating activities		
	Profit for the year	146.50	123.53
- 1	Adjustments for:	110.00	120.00
	Depreciation	45.73	38.59
	(Profit)/Loss on sale of Fixed Asset	(2.34)	3.90
	Interest and finance charges	37.59	36.41
	Income Tax adjustment	-	(1.1)
	Interest income	(3.47)	(4.50
	Remeasurement of acturial gain/loss	2.13	(1.24
	Operating profit before working capital changes	226.14	195.47
	Adjustments for :		
- 1	(Increase) / decrease in inventories	20.35	(23.66
	(Increase) / decrease in trade receivables	(131.03)	111.81
- 1	(Increase) / decrease in other financial assets (excluding advance tax)	(18,29)	5.43
	(Increase) / decrease in other current assets	49.65	(38.20
1	Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	66,09	12.46
	Increase / (decrease) in other current liabilities	(2.77)	9.18
	Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities and provision (excluding provision for tax)	14.01	41.53
	Cash generated from operations	224.16	314.04
	income tax refund/ (paid)	(34.83)	(39.81
	Net Cash flow generated from operating activities	189.33	(39.01
		100.00	£17.£2
3)	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Additions to PPE and intangible assets (including movement in CWIP)	(100,85)	(125.63
	Proceeds from sale/ disposal of property, plant and equipment	4.04	5.59
	Interest received	3.47	4.56
	Net cash flows (used in) investing activities	(93.34)	(115.49
->	Cash flow from financing activities		
ήΙ	(Repayment)/Proceeds from long term borrowings	(28.62)	42.35
	(Repayments of) / Proceeds from short term borrowings (net)	(20.02)	27.24
	Interest and finance charges paid	(37.59)	(36,41
	Net cash flows (used in)/ generated from financing activities	(66.21)	33.18
	not order north funder my generated north manning benerates	(00.21)	
	Net change in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	29.78	191.92
	Cash and cash equivalents- opening balance	(155.81)	(347.73
	Cash and cash equivalents- closing balance	(126.03)	(155.81
	Notes to cash flow statement:		
	Cash and cash equivalents include :	<b>A</b> 40	
1	Cash on hand	2.48	0.04
	Cash credit	(515.42)	(250.22
	Balances with banks:	386.91	94.36
C	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	(126.03)	(155.81

As per our report of even date attached FOR ASHWANI & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants (Firm Regi 7N) Q.Y DITY. 000497N Partne DAC

PLACE: Ludhiana DATE : 29th June,2018

For and on behalf of Board of Directors ARUN KUN õđo <1 DIRECTOR DIN 00685937 Y LALIT KUMAR CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

In ASHISH SOOD DIRECTOR DIN- 00672179 Havav

PRANAV KHANNA COMPANY SECRETARY

-7

### KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED

### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

### 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Kumar Autocast Limited ('the Company') is a public limited Company domiciled in India and incorporated on January 9, 1985 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 having its registered office C-179, Focal Point, Phase VI, Ludhiana Pb 141003. The Company is listed on Metropolitan Stock Exchange (MSE). The Company is engaged in the manufacturing of General Casting of Steel for Auto Parts. The Company's manufacturing facilities are located at Focal Point, Ludhiana, Punjab. The Financial statements were authorized by the Board of Directors for issue in accordance with resolution passed on June 29<sup>th</sup>, 2018.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPRATION:

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) notified under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. For all periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2017, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP). These financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018 are the first financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with IND AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015. Refer Note no 32(17) for information on how the Company adopted Ind-AS. The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities:

i) Defined benefit plans-plan assets measured at fair value

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ('INR') and all values are rounded to nearest lacs (INR 00,000), except when otherwise indicated.

### 2.2 CURRENT VERSUS NON-CURRENT CLASSIFICATION

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/noncurrent classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for purpose of trading
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or

- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.



All other assets are classified as non-current.

**.**51

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle

- It is held primarily for purpose of trading

- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the

reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non current.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are classified as non- current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. the Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

### 2.3 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Under the previous GAAP (Indian GAAP), all assets were carried in the balance sheet at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. On the date of transition to IND AS, all tangible assets other than Land and Capital work in progress have been measured at fair value and same has been considered as deemed cost as at April 01, 2016 (date of transition). The Company has applied principles of Ind AS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment retrospectively from date of acquisition in respect of Land and Capital work in progress and considered the same as deemed cost in accordance with Ind AS 101 First Time adoption.

Property, Plant and equipment including capital work in progress are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises of purchase price, taxes, duties, freight and other incidental expenses directly attributable and related to acquisition and installation of the concerned assets and are further adjusted by the amount of CENVAT credit and VAT credit availed wherever applicable. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their respective useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.



Capital work- in- progress includes cost of property, plant and equipment under installation / under development as at the balance sheet date.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on prorata basis on straightline method using the useful lives of the assets estimated by management and in the manner prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013.

### 2.4 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development cost, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over their useful economic lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life is reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortization expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible assets. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from disposal of the intangible assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the assets are disposed off.

Intangible assets with finite useful life are amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful life

### 2.5 IMPAIRMENT OF NON- FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash-inflows that are largely



independent of those from other assets or Company's of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. Impairment losses including impairment on inventories are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

### 2.6 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss)

- Those measured at amortised cost

### initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

### Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in following categories:

- Debt instruments at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Equity instruments

Where assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognised entirely in the statement of profit and loss(i.e. fair value through profit or loss), or recognised in other comprehensive income(i.e. fair value through other comprehensive income). For investment in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investment in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for equity instruments at FVTOCI.

### Debt instruments at amortised cost

A Debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:



a) Business Model Test : The objective is to hold the debt instrument to collect the contractual cash flows (rather than to sell the instrument prior to its contractual maturity to realize its fair value changes).

**b)** Cash flow characteristics test: The contractual terms of the debt instrument give rise on specific dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding.

This category is most relevant to the Company. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of EIR. EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

### Debt instruments at fair value through OCI

A Debt instrument is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if following criteria are met:

a) Business Model Test : The objective of financial instrument is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and for selling financial assets.

**b)** Cash flow characteristics test: The contractual terms of the debt instrument give rise on specific dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding.

Debt instrument included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognised in the other comprehensive income (OCI), except for the recognition of interest income, impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains or losses which are recognised in statement of profit and loss. On derecognition of asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to statement of profit & loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI financial asset is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

### **Debt instruments at FVTPL**

FVTPL is a residual category for financial instruments. Any financial instrument, which does not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL. A gain or loss on a Debt instrument that is subsequently measured at FVTPL and is not a part of a hedging relationship is recognised in statement of profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss within other gains or losses in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these Debt instruments is included in other income.

### Equity investments of other entities

All equity investments in scope of IND AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which IND AS103 applies are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocation to present



in other comprehensive income all subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognised in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to profit and loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the Profit and loss.

### Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e, removed from the Company's statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

- the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass through" arrangement and either;

(a) the Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets or

(b) the Company has retained the contractual right to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the Company has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the financial assets. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the financial assets, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the Company has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

### Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with IND AS 109, the Company applies expected credit losses (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial asset and credit risk exposure

- Financial assets measured at amortised cost;

- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI);

The Company follows "simplified approach" for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

- Trade receivables or contract revenue receivables;

- All lease receivables resulting from the transactions within the accept of IND AS 17



Under the simplified approach, the Company does not track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on the portfolio of trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of trade receivable and is adjusted for forward looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward looking estimates are analyzed.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the Company reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12- months ECL.

### (ii) Financial liabilities:

### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified at initial recognition as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. the Company financial liabilities include loans and borrowings including bank overdraft, trade payable, trade deposits, retention money, liabilities towards services, sales incentives and other payables.

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

### Trade Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 120 days of recognition. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using EIR method.

### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IND AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognised in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to profit and loss. However, the compare may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in start value of such liability are



recognised in the statement of profit or loss, the Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

### Loans and borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction cost incurred. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

### Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of IND AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortization.

### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or medication is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

### Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financials assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

### **Reclassification of financial assets:**

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or internations.



### 2.8 INVENTORIES

### a) Basis of valuation:

i) Inventories other than scrap materials are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value after providing cost of obsolescence, if any. However, materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. The comparison of cost and net realizable value is made on an item-by-item basis.

ii) Inventory of scrap materials have been valued at net realizable value.

### b) Method of Valuation:

i) Cost of raw materials has been determined by using moving weighted average cost method and comprises all costs of purchase, duties, taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from tax authorities) and all other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

ii) Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress includes direct labour and an appropriate share of fixed and variable production overheads and excise duty as applicable. Fixed production overheads are allocated on the basis of normal capacity of production facilities. Cost is determined on moving weighted average basis.

iii) Cost of traded goods has been determined by using First In First Out (FIFO) method and comprises all costs of purchase, duties, taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from tax authorities) and all other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

iv) Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

### 2.9 TAXES

Tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax.

### a) Current Tax

i) Current income tax, assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the Income Computation and Disclosure Standards (ICDS) enacted in India by using tax rates and the tax laws that are enacted at the reporting date.

ii) Current income tax relating to item recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transactions either in OCI or directly in equity

### b) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets



**.**\*

are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the cafry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or direct in equity.

Deferred Tax includes Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) recognizes MAT credit available as an asset only to the extent that there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period, i.e. the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. The Company reviews the "MAT credit entitlement" asset at each reporting date and writes down the asset to the extent the Company does not have convincing evidence that it will pay normal tax during the specified period.

### 2.10 REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government. Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Amounts disclosed are inclusive of Excise Duty, and net of returns, trade discounts, rebates, value added taxes and amount collected on behalf of third parties.

### a) Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods and is measured at fair value of consideration received/receivable, net of returns and allowances, discounts, volume rebates and cash discounts. Revenue is usually recognised when it is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity, amount of revenue can be measured reliably and entity retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold.

### b) Interest Income

Interest income is recognised on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rates and is disclosed in "other income".

### 2.11 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

(i) Short-term obligations



Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employee service upto the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amount expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled, the liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

### (ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

### a) Gratuity

The Employee's Gratuity Fund Scheme, which is defined benefit plan, is managed by Company. The liabilities with respect to Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation on projected unit credit method on the balance sheet date. The difference, if any, between the actuarial valuation of the gratuity of employees at the year end and the balance of funds is provided for as assets/ (liability) in the books. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. the Company recognizes the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation under Employee benefit expense in statement of profit or loss:

1. Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements

2. Net interest expense or income

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the Balance Sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

### b) Provident fund

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. the Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognizes contribution payable through provident fund scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related services. If the contribution payable to scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognised as liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excesses recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

### 2.12 GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Government Grants, If any are recognised at their fair value when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all the attached conditions will be complied with.

When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.



When the Company receives grants of non-monetary assets, the asset and grant are recorded at fair value amounts and released to profit or loss over the expected useful life in a pattern of consumption of the benefit of the underlying asset.

### 2.13 SEGMENT ACCOUNTING:

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the management. The Management monitors the operating results of all strategic business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on profit and loss and is measured consistently with profit and loss in the financial statements.

The operating segments have been identified on the basis of the nature of products/services. Further:

1 Segment revenue includes sales and other income directly identifiable with / allocable to the segment including inter-segment revenue.

2 Expenses that are directly identifiable with / allocable to segments are considered for determining the segment result. Expenses which relate to the Company as a whole and not allocable to segments are included under unallocable expenditure.

3 Income which relates to the Company as a whole and not allocable to segments is included in unallocable income.

4 Segment results includes margins on inter-segment sales which are reduced in arriving at the profit before tax of the Company.

5 Segment assets and liabilities include those directly identifiable with the respective segments. Unallocable assets and liabilities represent the assets and liabilities that relate to the Company as a whole and not allocable to any segment.

6 Segment revenue resulting from transactions with other business segments is accounted on the basis of transfer price agreed between the segments. Such transfer prices are either determined to yield a desired margin or agreed on a negotiated business

### 2.14 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effect of all potentially dilutive equity shares

### 2.15 BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing cost includes interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds and charged to Statement of Profit & Loss on the basis of effective interest rate.



Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are recognised as expense in the period in which they occur.

### 2.16 EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

Exceptional items are transactions which due to their size or incidence are separately disclosed to enable a full understanding of the Company's financial performance. Items which may be considered exceptional are significant restructuring charges, gains or losses on disposal of investments of subsidiaries, associate and joint ventures and impairment losses/write down in the value of investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and significant disposal of fixed assets.

### 2.17 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

### 2.18 PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

### Provisions

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

### Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases, where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. the Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements unless the probability of outflow of resources is remote.

Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets and commitments are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

### 2.19 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair



value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

(i) In the principal market for asset or liability, or

(ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

the Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1- Quoted(unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

**Level 3-** Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.



KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED

# NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

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NOTE - 3 Property, Plant and Equipment	ŧ											(Be in lace)
			GROSS BLOCK	XCK				DEPRECIATION			NET BLOCK	
DESCRIPTION	Deemed Cost as at	Additions	Adjustment	Sale/Discarded	As At	As At	Far the	Adjustment	Written Back	As at	As At	As At
OF FIXED ASSETS	01.04.2018	During the Period	during the year	During the Period	31.03.2017	01.04.2016	Period	during the Period	during the Period	31.03.2017	31,03,2017	01.04.2016
											-	
Tangible Assats												
	4.28				4.28				_,		4 28	4 76
BUILDING	2.61			<u> </u>	2.61		. 0.62			0.62	90	2.64
PLANT & MACHINERY	235.05	90.19		8.91	316.33		27.23			20.70	ç	10.2
FURNITURE & FIX	0.99				199.0		0.10			0 T T T		00.007
FIRE EXTINGUISHER	0.01	0.52	_		0.59		0.02					AA: O
COMPUTER	0.22			0.01	10.0					50.0		0.01
VEHICLES (OIG)	900			2.2	17.0			_		0.00	0.21	0.22
CARS	27.20	77.92								0.00	0.06	0.06
	90° JO			lac'n	02.17		2.6	- -		9.73	61.47	37.39
	20.0				0.03		0.01			0.01	0.02	0.D3
	5	1.55		·	0.60		0.09			00.0	0.51	0.05
	0.13			•••	0.13		0.00	<u> </u>		0.00	0.13	0 13
TRUCK	0.31				0.31		0.00			0.00	0.31	0.31
TRACTOR WITH TROLLY	3.93				3.93		0.69			0.00		
Sub-total (A)	285.08	125.63	!	9.48	401 24		10 40		+	60.0	*2.0	5
Intangible Assets	<u> </u>						10.00			30.59	362.62	285.06
Sub-total (B)												
Total(A+B)		101 63							·   		i	
	E0'007	F97071		R4'n	401.21		38.59			38,59	362.62	265.06
			GROSS BLOCK	ČK				DEPRECIATION			NET BLOCK	UCK
DESCRIPTION	As At	Additions	Adjustment	Sale/Discarded	Ae At	4 4 4 F						
oF	01.04.2017	During the	during the	During the				Adjustment	Written Back	As at	As At	As At
FIXED ASSETS		Parind	A BON	Barlod	41.43.60.10	1102.90.10	renoa	during the	during the	31.03.2018	31.03.2018	31.03.2017
Tanolbie Assets			7461					Period	Period			
LAND	BC F											
BUIEDING	196				4.20			-			4.28	4.28
PLANT & MACHINERY	16.33	67.70			10.7	29.0				0.82	1.79	1.99
FURNITURE & FIX	000	0.0		7	262.10	27.77		•	0.31	57.78	324.32	269.09
FIRE EXTINGUISHER		***			87 I			-	-	0.41	0.88	0.80
COMPUTER	10.0				EC 0	0.03				0.06	0.47	0.50
VEHICI ES (OM)		2			0.37		0.05			0.05	0.32	0.21
	8 F			•••	90:0			-,			0.06	0.06
CVCI ES	N2.1 1	34.00			103.28	9.73				23.27.	30.01	61.47
SCOTER & MOTOR CYCLE	200		•		0.03	0,01				0.01	0.02	0.02
TEMPO		6.0			1.13	0.09			-	0.22	0.91	0.52
	2.0	-	•		0.13	-	000				0.13	0.13
TRACTOR WITH TROLLY	1.01	•	•		0.31		0.00		-		0.31	0.31
Sub-total (A)	FE FOT	1000				0.0		-		1.38	2.55	3.24
Internitie Assats		100'001		5	200-02	38.59			0.31	84.00	416.05	362.62
Sub-total (B)	·				•		   					
Total (A+B)	401.21	100.85		301	EDD AE	10 20						
Total (Previous Year)	285.06	125.63		12.2	200.000	42.00			0.31	84.00	416.05	362.62
	22:024				12.104	0.00		-	000	38.59	362.62	285.06
Note:-												
1. Borrowing cost capitalised during the year Rs NJL (P.Y. Rs "NIL")	NIL (P.Y. Rs "NIL")			(								

1. Borrowing cost capitalised during the year As NIL (P.Y. As "NIL")



### KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED

### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

			(Rs in Lac
	AS AT	AS AT	AS AT
	31,03.2018	31.03.2017	01.04.2016
NOTE - 4 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Security Deposits	71.74	<u>53.45</u> 53.45	58
NOTE - 5 INVENTORIES			
Raw Material	55.32	38.89	31
Finished Goods	22.60	47.28	52
Stores & Spares	3.56	4.81	3
Others Material	18.54 100.02	29.39 120.37	96
NOTE - 6 TRADE RECEIVABLE			
Unsecured	904 55	545.65	577
Trade receivable from Related parties - Considered Good Trade receivable - Considered Good	801.55 272.05	396.93	477
Trade receivable - Considered doubtful			
Less Devicing for devictful debts	1,073.60	942.58	1,054
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	1,073.60	942.58	1,054
NOTE - 7 CASH & BANK BALANCE			
Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash in Hand	2.48	0.04	C
Balances with Scheduled Banks In Current Account	386.80	94.26	. 71
Margin Money Deposit against bank guarentee	0.11	0.10	
	389.39	94.40	72
NOTE - 8 CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)			
Advance Payment of Tax	2.73	3.62	
NOTE - 9 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS	2.73	3.62	
Other Advances			
Advances for Material & Services	9.74	37.69 5.53	
Other Advances Others	-	5.55	
Prepaid expenses	3.31	3.90	
Balances with Statutory/Government Authorities		7.58	
Excise Service Tax, GST and VAT	0.10	8.11	
	13.15	62.81	2
	13.15	62.81	2

### Note

Inventories & Trade receivables are hypothecated with the bankers against working capital limits.
 Trade Receivables are usually non interest bearing and are on trade terms of 30 to 90 days
 No Trade receivables are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person.
 There are no restriction with regard to cash and cash equivalents as the end of the reporting period ad prior period except otherwise stated



### KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

						(Rs in Lac
		_ <b>≜</b> ¢SAT		AS AT		AS AT
		31.03.2018		31.03.2017		01.04.2016
NOTE - 10 SHARE CAPITAL						
Authorised						
55,00,000 [Previous Year -2017 (5,00,000) & 2016 (5,00,000)]						
Equity Shares of `10/- each		550.00		50.00		50
	[	550.00		50.00		50
Issued, Subscribed & Paid Up						
51,87,000* [Previous Year - 2017 (2,47,000) & 2016 (2,47,003)]						
Equity Shares of 10/- each Fully Paid up		518.70		24.70		24
includes 49,40,000 Bonus Shares.		518.70		24.70		24
		% Holding		% Holding		% Hold
Note - 18.1 Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company	No. of shares	in the class	No. of shares	in the class	No. of shares	in the c
(Equity Shares of `10 each fully paid						
1 Sh. Arun Kumar Sood	17.63	33,99%	0.84	33.99%	0.84	33,9
2 Sh. Ajay Kumar Sood	6.78	13.04%	0.32	13.04%	0.32	13.0
3 Sh. Ashish Kumar Sood	8.20	15.81%	0.39	15.81%	0.39	15.8
4 Smt. Shama Sood	2.85	5.49%	0.14	5.49%	D.14	5.4
Note - 10.2 Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and						
at the end of the reporting year						
Equity Shares	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amo
Equity shares at the beginning of the year	2.47	24,70	2.47	24.70	2.47	2
Add: Bonus shares issued during the year	49.40	494.00	-			
• •	51.87	518.70	2.47	24.70	2.47	24

Note 10.3 Terms/Rights attached to Equity Shares The Company has only Equity Share Capital as such no Preference Shares are subscribed and Paid up. There is no partly paid up Equity Share. Issued Capital has equal right of all shareholders including distribution of dividend and repayment of capital. No part of the share of the company has held by any holding company or its ultimate holding company including subsidiaries or associates thereof.

Note 10.4 Aggregate number of shares bought back, or issued as fully paid up pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash or by way of bonus shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the date of Balance Sheet

,, -			No. of S	nares		
	As at 31.03.2018	As at 31.03.2017	As at 01.04.2016	As al 31.03.2016	As al 31.03.2015	As at 31.03.2014
<ol> <li>Equity shares allotted as fully paid-up pursuant to contracts for consideration other than cash</li> </ol>						
cash 2 Equity shares allotted as fully paid up bonus shares by capitalisation of securities	-	-	•	-	-	-
premium account, surplus reserve and general reserve	49.40	-	-	•	-	-
3 Equity shares issued under the Employee Slock Option Plan/ Employee Stock Purchase Plan as part consideration for services rendered by employees			-	-	_	-
Total	49.40	-		-	-	
NOTE - 11 OTHER EQUITY						
(ii) Reserve & Surplus						44.65
(c) Capital Reserve		14.60		14.60		14.60
(d) General Reserve						
As Per Last Balance Sheet		113.53		113.53		113.53
(e) Retained Earning						
As Per Last Balance Sheet	689.63		<b>50</b> 8,65		507.45	
(Add)/ Less: Loss for the current year	104.63		81,83		54.63	
Less: (Excess)/Deficit Depreciation			-		(46.71)	
Less: Provision for taxation for earlier years			•		0.14	
Less: Bonus Share Alloted during the year	494.00		-		-	
Less: Tax on Proposed Preference dividend		300.26		690.4B	-	608.65
terns of Other Comprehensive Income recognised directly in retained earnings						
(a) Remeasurement of Defined benefit plan						
Re-measurement (gains)/ losses on defined benefit plans	1.47		(0.65)		-	
Income lax effect	_					-
Closing Balance		1.47		(0.85)		
·	1	429.86		817.76	1	736.78
		423,86		. 817.76	1	/30.76



# KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

		A5 AT 31,03,2018		AS AT 31.09.2017	[	(Rs in Lac AS AT 01.04.2016
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				31.03.2011		01.04.2016
OTE - 12 LONG TERM BORROWINGS			S.		ł	
SECURED LOANS				{		
Term Loans From Banks		1			Ę	
Rupee Loans s) Vehicle Loan				[	Í	
- From #CICI Bank Limited		1.07		3.51	ł	
-From Toyota Financial Services Ltd		2.58		8.53	1	
-From Kotak Mahindra Prime Ltd		13.24		-		
				:		
b) Plant & Machinery -From SiDBI					Į.	
		32.30		65.78		35.
	]	49.19		77.82	F	35.
TERMS OF REPAYMENT OF TERM LOANS						
Particulars			R	payment Period from Origination (Years)	Period	
		·			7 8 100	
Loen From ICICI BANK LIMITED				3	Monthly	
Loan From TYOTA FINANCIAL SERVICES INDIA LTD. Loan from SIDBI				3	Monthly	
Loan from SIDEI Loan from KOTAK MAHINDRA PRIME LTO				4.5 3	Monthly Monthly	
	•			<u> </u>	MORTERY	
NATURE OF SECURITY OF LONG TERM BORROWINGS	ARE AS UNDER:					
Vehicle Loans are secured by hypothecation of the vehicles p	urchased them against					
Loan taken from SIOB! against Hypothecation of movable ass	ets and mortgage of third party p	roperty of M/s Forgawal				
silusted at E-375-A. Phase-VI, Focal Point Luchlana & perso						
- Sh. Arun Kumar Sood						
- Sh. Ajay Kumar Sood						
- Sh. Aahish Kumar Scool						
- Sh. Shivek Sood						
- Smt. Alka Scod						
- Smil. Seema Sood						
<u>.</u>				,		
TE - 13 LONG TERM PROVISIONS						
Provisions for Employee Benefits				1		
Provision for Gratuity		16.43		17.68		14.9
				ļ	ŀ	
		16.43		17.88	H	14.
		1			1	
DTE - 14 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)						
(a) Income Tax expense in statement of profit and loss comprises:						
Current Income Tax Charge		35.72		36.19		
Adjustment of Tax relating to earlier years	[			1.17		
Deferred Tax						
Relating to Origination and revenue of Temporary differences. Income Tax expense reported in the statement of Profil		6.17		4.35		
or Loss		41.89		41.70		
	I –					
	-				1	
(b) Other Comprehensive Income						
Re-measurement (gains)/kasses on defined banefit plans income Tax related items recognised in OCI during the		0.86		-0.39		
Re-measurement (gains)/facesas on defined benefit plans						
Remeasurement (gains)Maxwas on defined benefit plans income Tax resaled items recognised in OCI during the year		0.86		-0.39		
Re-measurement (gains)/kasses on defined banefit plans income Tax related items recognised in OCI during the		0.86		-0.39		
Re-measurament (gains)/lowces on defined banef3 plans income Tax related kerns recognised in OCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit		0.86		-0.39		
Re-measurament (gains)/damons on defined banefit plans income Tax resisted kerns recognised in OCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) multiplied by India's domestic tax rate:		0.88	•	-0.39		
Re-measurement (gains Vlosses on defined barvell plans income Tax resaled items recognised in DCI during the year Reconstlation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) multiplied by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax	- - - - -	0.86 0.66 148.52		-0.39 -0.39 123.54		
Re-measurement (gains Vlassas on defined barwfi plans income Tax resisted items recognised in OCI during the year Recoonsiliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (e) multiplied by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate		0.86 0.66 148_52 27.55% 40.37		-0.39 -0.39 123.54 		
Re-measurement (gains Vlassas on defined barwill plans income Tax resisted items recognised in DCI during the year Recoonsiliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) multiplied by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax		0.86 0.66 148.52 27.55%		-0.39 0.39 123.54 30.095		
Re-measurement (gains) Access on defined barrell plans income Tax related items recognised in OCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (a) multiplied by india's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate Income Tax charged to Statement if Profit and lose of an		0.86 0.66 148_52 27.55% 40.37		-0.39 -0.39 123.54 		
Re-measurament (gaina)/losses on defined banefit plans income Tax related kerns recognised in OCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) multiplied by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate		0.86 0.66 148_52 27.55% 40.37		-0.39 -0.39 123.54 		
Re-measurement (gains) Joaxons on defined barrell plans income Tax related items recognised in OCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) multiplied by india's domestic tax relat Accounting Profit Before Tox Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate Income Tax charged to Statement if Profit and lose of an		0.88 0.66 148.52 27.55% 40.37 1.52		-1.39 0.39 123 54 0.094 37.17 4.54	rofk and loss	
Re-measurement (gains) Kossas on defined barwill plans income Tax resisted items recognised in DCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) motifyind by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate Income Tax charged to Statement If Profit and loss of an affective rate of 28.69% and (March 31,2017 33.78%)		0.86 0.66 27.85% 40.37 1.52 41.83	ν.	-0.39 -0.39 123.54 30.095 37.17 4.54 41.71 Ektaioment of p Year ended	Year ended	
Re-measurement (gains) Kossas on defined barvell plans income Tax resisted items recognised in DCI during the year Reconstitution of Tax expense and the accounting profit (a) motifyited by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate Income Tax charged to Statement If Profit and loss at an effective rate of 28.69% and (March 31,2017 33,78%) (d) Defemad Liabilities Comprises of :	An et 31.03.2018	0.86 0.66 148.32 27.85% 40.37 1.32 41.83 41.83	As at 01.04.2016	-0.39 -0.39 123.54 30.09% 37.17 4.54 41.71 Statement of p Year ended March 31,2916	Year ended March 31,2017	
Re-measurement (gains) Kossas on defined barrell plans income Tax resisted items recognised in OCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (e) multiplied by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Proit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate Income Tax charged to Statement if Profit and lose al an effective rate of 25.69% and (March 31,2017 33,76%) (d) Deferred Liabilities Comprises of : Accelerated Deprocision for Tax purposes	An et 31.03.2018 37.91	0.88 0.66 148.52 27.85% 40.37 1.52 41.89 41.89 41.89	26.51	-0.39 -0.39 123 54 30.05% 37.17 4.54 41.71 Statement of p Year ended March 51 (2014	Year ended March 31,2017 4.91	
Re-measurement (gains) Access on defined barrell plans income Tax resisted items recognised in OCI during the year Reconcilitation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) multiplied by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate Difference in Tax rate (d) Deferred Liabilities Comprises of : Accelerated Deprecision for Tax purposes Expenses allowable on Payment basis	An et 31.03.2018 57.61 (5.04)	0.88 0.66 148.52 27.85% 40.37 1.32 41.89 A4 at 31.03.2017 31.42 (5.62)	26.51 (4.51)	-0.39 -0.39 123.54 -0.00% 37.17 4.54 41.71 Statement of p Year ended March 31,294 0.49 0.45	Year ended March 31,2017 4.91 (1.01)	
Re-measurement (gains)/losses on defined barrell plans income Tax related items recognised in OCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) multiplied by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Proit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate Income Tax charged to Statement if Profit and lose al an effective rate of 28.69% and (March 31,2017 33,76%) (d) Deferred Liabilities Comprises of : Accelerated Depreciation for Tax purposes	An et 31.03.2018 37.91	0.88 0.66 148.52 27.85% 40.37 1.52 41.89 41.89 41.89	26.51	-0.39 -0.39 123 54 30.05% 37.17 4.54 41.71 Statement of p Year ended March 51 (2014	Year ended March 31,2017 4.91	
Re-measurement (gains)/Jossos on defined barrell plans income Tax related Aema recognised in OCI during the year Reconcilitation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) moliphied by india's domestic tax rate: Accounting Proit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate Income Tax charged to Statement If Profit and loss al an effective rate of 28.69% and (March 31,2017 33.78%) (d) Deferred Liabilities Comprises of : Accelerated Depreciation for Tax purposes Expenses allowable on Payment basis	An et 31.03.2018 37.91 (5.02) 0.15	0.86 0.66 148.52 27.858 40.37 1.82 41.89 A4 al 31.03.2017 31.42 (6.52) 0.26	26.51 (4.51) 0 19	-0.39 -0.39 123.54 30.09% 37.17 4.54 41.31 Stationnert of p Year ended March 51 (2014 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45	Year ended Merch 31,2017 4.91 (1.01) 0.07	
Re-measurement (gains) Access on defined barrell plans income Tax resisted items recognised in OCI during the year Reconcilitation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) multiplied by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate Difference in Tax rate (d) Deferred Liabilities Comprises of : Accelerated Deprecision for Tax purposes Expenses allowable on Payment basis	An et 31.03.2018 37.91 (5.02) 0.15	0.86 0.66 148.52 27.858 40.37 1.82 41.89 A4 al 31.03.2017 31.42 (6.52) 0.26	26.51 (4.51) 0 19	-0.39 -0.39 123.54 30.09% 37.17 4.54 41.31 Stationnert of p Year ended March 51 (2014 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45	Year ended Merch 31,2017 4.91 (1.01) 0.07	
Re-measurement (gains) Kossas on defined barrell plans income Tax related items recognised in OCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) multiplied by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate Income Tax charged to Statement if Profit and lose of an effective rate of 25.6% and (March 31,2017 33,7%) (d) Deferred Labilities Comprises of : Accelerated Deprecision for Tax purposes Expenses stowable on Payment basis Others	An at 31.03.2018 57.91 (5.03) 0.15 22.98	0.86 0.66 148.52 27.858 40.37 1.82 41.89 A4 al 31.03.2017 31.42 (6.52) 0.26	26.51 (4.51) 0 19 22.19	-0.39 -0.39 123.54 30.09% 37.17 4.54 41.31 Stationnert of p Year ended March 51 (2014 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45	Year anded March 31,2017 4.91 (1.01) 0.07 3.97	
Re-measurement (gains Moscas on defined barrell plans income Tax restated items recognised in DCI during the year Reconstitution of Tax expense and the accounting profit (e) multiplied by India's domentic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate Income Tax charged to Statement if Profit and loss at an effective rate of 25.69% and (March 31,2017 33,76%) fd) Defaured Liabilities Comprises of : Accelerated Deprocision for Tax purposes Expenses allowable on Payment basis Others Reconciliation of Deferred Tax Liability (Net) -Opening Balance	An et 31.03.2018 37.91 (5.02) 0.15	0.86 0.66 148.52 27.858 40.37 1.82 41.89 A4 al 31.03.2017 31.42 (6.52) 0.26	26.51 (4.51) 0.19 22.19 22.19	-0.39 -0.39 123.54 30.09% 37.17 4.54 41.31 Stationnert of p Year ended March 51 (2014 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45	Year anded March 31,2017 4.91 (1.01) 0.07 3.97 6.08	
Re-measurement (gains) Kossas on defined barrell plans income Tax related items recognised in OCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) multiplied by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate Income Tax charged to Statement if Profit and lose of an effective rate of 25.6% and (March 31,2017 33,7%) (d) Deferred Labilities Comprises of : Accelerated Deprecision for Tax purposes Expenses stowable on Payment basis Others	An et 31.03.2018 97.01 (5.04) 0.18 2.98 26.16	0.86 0.66 148.52 27.858 40.37 1.82 41.89 A4 al 31.03.2017 31.42 (6.52) 0.26	26.51 (4.51) 0 19 22.19	-0.39 -0.39 123.54 30.09% 37.17 4.54 41.31 Stationnert of p Year ended March 51 (2014 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45	Year anded March 31,2017 4.91 (1.01) 0.07 3.97	
Re-measurement (gains) Alosses on defined barrell plans income Tax restated items recognised in DCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) multiplied by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate income Tax charged to Statement if Profit and loss of an effective rate of 28.6% and (March 31,2917 33,78%) (d) Deferred Liabilities Comprises of : Accelerate Depreciation for Tax purposes Expenses allowable on Payment basis Others Reconciliation of Deferred Tax Liability (Net) -Opening Balance - Deferred Tax Charge Created during the year	An et 31.03.2018 97.01 (5.04) 0.18 2.98 26.16	0.86 0.66 148.52 27.858 40.37 1.82 41.89 A4 al 31.03.2017 31.42 (6.52) 0.26	26.51 (4.51) 0.19 22.19 22.19	-0.39 -0.39 123.54 30.09% 37.17 4.54 41.31 Stationnert of p Year ended March 51 (2014 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45	Year anded March 31,2017 4.91 (1.01) 0.07 3.97 6.08	22
Re-measurement (gains) Kossas on defined barrell plans income Tax related items recognised in DCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (e) multiplied by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate Income Tax charged to Statement if Profit and loss all an effective rate of 25.6% and (March 31,2017 33,78%) (d) Defemad Liabilities Comprises of : Accelerated Depreciation for Tax purposes Expenses allowede on Payment basis Others Reconciliation of Deferred Tax Liability (Net) -Opening Balance -Deferred Tax Charge Created during the year -Deferred Tax charge Created during the year	An at 31.03.2018 57.01 (5.02) 0.15 	0.88 0.66 148.52 27.55% 40.37 1.52 41.89 A4 at 31.03.2017 31.42 (4.52) 0.28 26.16	26.51 (4.51) 019 22.19 22.19 3.97	-0.39 -0.39 123 54 30.09% 37.17 4.54 41.31 572/97 4.54 41.31 572/97 4.54 41.31 572/97 4.54 41.31 572/97 4.54 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45	Vezz anded Marzh 31,2017 (1.01) 0.07 3.97 5.09 16.11	
Re-measurement (gains) Kossas on defined barrell plans income Tax resisted items recognised in DCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) motificited by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate income Tax charged to Statement If Profit and loss at an effective rate of 25.69% and (March 31,2017 33,78%) (d) Deferred Labilities Comprises of : Accelerated Deprecision for Tax purposes Expenses allowable on Payment basis Others Reconciliation of Deferred Tax Liability (Net) -Opening Balance Deferred Tax charge Created during the year -Deferred Tax charge Created during the year -Closing Balance	An at 31.03.2018 57.01 (5.02) 0.15 	0.88 0.66 148.52 27.55% 40.37 1.32 41.89 A4 at 31.03.2017 31.42 (5.52) 0.26 25.16	26.51 (4.51) 019 22.19 22.19 3.97	-0.39 -0.39 123.54 30.05% 37.17 4.54 41.71 54.10ment of p Year ended March 51,2014 (0,19) -0.45 (0,19) -0.45 (0,19) -0.53	Vezz anded Marzh 31,2017 (1.01) 0.07 3.97 5.09 16.11	
Re-measurement (gains) Kossas on defined barrell plans income Tax resisted items recognised in DCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) motificited by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate income Tax charged to Statement If Profit and loss at an effective rate of 25.69% and (March 31,2017 33,78%) (d) Deferred Labilities Comprises of : Accelerated Deprecision for Tax purposes Expenses allowable on Payment basis Others Reconciliation of Deferred Tax Liability (Net) -Opening Balance Deferred Tax charge Created during the year -Deferred Tax charge Created during the year -Closing Balance	An at 31.03.2018 57.01 (5.02) 0.15 	0.88 0.66 148.52 27.55% 40.37 1.32 41.89 A4 at 31.03.2017 31.42 (5.52) 0.26 25.16	26.51 (4.51) 019 22.19 22.19 3.97	-0.39 -0.39 123.54 30.05% 37.17 4.54 41.71 54.10ment of p Year ended March 51,2014 (0,19) -0.45 (0,19) -0.45 (0,19) -0.53	Vezz anded Marzh 31,2017 (1.01) 0.07 3.97 5.09 16.11	
Re-measurement (gains) Kossas on defined barrell plans income Tax resisted items recognised in DCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) motificited by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate income Tax charged to Statement If Profit and loss at an effective rate of 25.69% and (March 31,2017 33,78%) (d) Deferred Labilities Comprises of : Accelerated Deprecision for Tax purposes Expenses allowable on Payment basis Others Reconciliation of Deferred Tax Liability (Net) -Opening Balance Deferred Tax charge Created during the year -Deferred Tax charge Created during the year -Closing Balance	An at 31.03.2018 57.01 (5.02) 0.15 	0.88 0.66 148.52 27.55% 40.37 1.32 41.89 A4 at 31.03.2017 31.42 (5.52) 0.26 25.16	26.51 (4.51) 019 22.19 22.19 3.97	-0.39 -0.39 123.54 30.05% 37.17 4.54 41.71 54.10ment of p Year ended March 51,2014 (0,19) -0.45 (0,19) -0.45 (0,19) -0.53	Vezz anded Marzh 31,2017 (1.01) 0.07 3.97 5.09 16.11	
Re-measurement (gains) Kossas on defined barrell plans income Tax resisted items recognised in DCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) moltipiled by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Bofree Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate Income Tax charged to Statement if Profit and loss all an effective rate of 28.6% and (March 31,2017 33,78%) (d) Deferred Labilities Comprises of : Accelerated Depreciation for Tax purposes Expenses allowable on Payment basis Others Reconciliation of Deferred Tax Lability (Net) -Opting Balance Deferred Tax Charge Created during the year -Deferred Tax Charge Created during the year	An at 31.03.2018 57.01 (5.02) 0.15 	0.88 0.66 148.52 27.55% 40.37 1.32 41.89 A4 at 31.03.2017 31.42 (5.52) 0.26 25.16	26.51 (4.51) 019 22.19 22.19 3.97	-0.39 -0.39 123.54 30.05% 37.17 4.54 41.71 54.10ment of p Year ended March 51,2014 (0,19) -0.45 (0,19) -0.45 (0,19) -0.53	Vezz anded Marzh 31,2017 (1.01) 0.07 3.97 5.09 16.11	
Re-measurement (gains) Kossas on defined barrell plans income Tax resisted items recognised in DCI during the year Reconsiliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) motificities by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Income Tax charged to Statement If Profit and loss at an effective rate of 25.69% and (March 31,2017 33,78%) (d) Deferred Labilities Comprises of : Accelerated Deprecision for Tax purposes Expenses allowable on Payment basis Others Reconciliation of Deferred Tax Liability (Net) -Opening Balance Deferred Tax Charge Created during the year -Deferred Tax Charge Created during the year	An at 31.03.2018 57.01 (5.02) 0.15 	0.88 0.66 148.52 27.55% 40.37 1.32 41.89 A4 at 31.03.2017 31.42 (5.52) 0.26 25.16	26.51 (4.51) 019 22.19 22.19 3.97	-0.39 -0.39 123.54 30.05% 37.17 4.54 41.71 54.10ment of p Year ended March 51,2014 (0,19) -0.45 (0,19) -0.45 (0,19) -0.53	Vezz anded Marzh 31,2017 (1.01) 0.07 3.97 5.09 16.11	
Re-measurement (gains (Josson on defined barefit plans income Tax restated items recognised in DCI during the year Reconciliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) multiplied by India's downlist fax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Difference in Tax rate Income Tax charged to Statement if Profit and loss at an effective rate of 28.59% and (March 31,2917 33.78%) (d) Deferred Liabilities Comprises of : Accelerated Deprecision for Tax purposes Expenses allowable on Payment basis Others Reconciliation of Deferred Tax Liability (Net) -Opting Balance -Deferred Tax charge Created during the year -Deferred Tax Charge Created during the year	An at 31.03.2018 57.01 (5.02) 0.15 	0.88 0.66 148.52 27.55% 40.37 1.32 41.89 A4 at 31.03.2017 31.42 (5.52) 0.26 25.16	26.51 (4.51) 019 22.19 22.19 3.97	-0.39 -0.39 123.54 30.05% 37.17 4.54 41.71 54.10ment of p Year ended March 51,2014 (0,19) -0.45 (0,19) -0.45 (0,19) -0.53	Vezz anded Marzh 31,2017 (1.01) 0.07 3.97 5.09 16.11	221
Re-measurement (gains) Kossas on defined barrell plans income Tax resisted items recognised in DCI during the year Reconsiliation of Tax expense and the accounting profit (c) motificities by India's domestic tax rate: Accounting Profit Before Tax Applicable Tax rate Income Tax charged to Statement If Profit and loss at an effective rate of 25.69% and (March 31,2017 33,78%) (d) Deferred Labilities Comprises of : Accelerated Deprecision for Tax purposes Expenses allowable on Payment basis Others Reconciliation of Deferred Tax Liability (Net) -Opening Balance Deferred Tax Charge Created during the year -Deferred Tax Charge Created during the year	An at 31.03.2018 57.01 (5.02) 0.15 	0.85 0.66 148.52 27.55% 40.37 1.52 41.89 44.89 31.93.2017 31.42 (6.52) 0.28 23.16 23.16 23.16 23.16	26.51 (4.51) 019 22.19 22.19 3.97	-0.39 -0.39 123 54 30.09% 37.17 4.54 41.31 5453/99970 42 9 Year ended March 51,2916 0.45 (0.11) 6.83 0.45 (0.11) 6.83 28.16 28.16	Vezz anded Marzh 31,2017 (1.01) 0.07 3.97 5.09 16.11	221 221 4202 4202

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The Cash Credit limit availe from ICICI Bank IId is fully secured by hypothecation of the parpeny's entire stock of Raw Naterbale, semi finished and finished acces, consumable book defes, bits which is documentary or clean, autoinanding mories, reprivatively, both present and fully, in it form and manyer established by bank.
 The Wohning capital is future executed by Saudbale mortgage, in a form and many and salished by bank.
 The Wohning capital is future executed by Saudbale mortgage, in a form and many salished by bank.

### uarantee:

1) Cash Cresh limit is secured by personal guarantee of Mr Ajay Kumar ( Director), Mr. Arun Kamar ( Director) & Mr. Ashah Sood ( Director)

FRN: 000A FRN: 000497N

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### KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED

### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

				(Rs in Lacs
	يح	AS AT 31.03.2018	AS AT 31.03.2017	AS AT 01.04.2016
		01100.2010	01.00.2011	01.04.2010
NOTE	- 16 TRADE PAYABLE			
	Outstanding dues to Micro & Small Enterprises	-	-	
	Outstanding dues to other than Micro & Small Enterprises	261.74	195.65	183.19
		261.74	195.65	183.19
The amo extent su	al Information: unt due to Micro and Small Enterprises as defined in the "The Micro, Small and Medium Enter ch parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. The di- 018 are as under :	prises Development A sclosures relating to M	ct, 2006" has been de licro and Small Enterp	stermined to the prises as at 31st
i)	The principal amount remaining unpaid to supplier as at the end of the year	- [	-	
ii)	The interest due thereon remaining unpaid to supplier as at the end of the year The amount of Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment ( which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the	-	-	
lii)	interest specified under this Act The amount of interest accrued during the year and remaining unpaid at the end of the	-	-	-
iv)	year	-	-	•
	Note:	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
	<ol> <li>Trade payable include due to related parties 0.22 lacs (March 31,2017 Rs Nil) (April 1, 201</li> </ol>			
	<ol> <li>Trade payables are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 to 90 days.</li> </ol>			
	<ol> <li>Trade payables are unsecured and are usually paid within 50 to 50 days.</li> <li>Trade payable are non interest bearing.</li> </ol>			
	of the payable are non-interest bearing.			
NOTE	- 17 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES			
	Current Maturities of Long Term Debt	51.45	47.76	20.52
	Other Payable	121.71	109.94	71.70
		173.16	157.70	92.23
	- 18 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES			
NOTE				1.83
NOTE	Advances from Customers	-	~	1.04
NOTE	Advances from Customers Statutory Dues Payable	- 14.73	18.57	
NOTE		- 14.73 54.46	- 18.57 53.39	19.6° 41.29



### KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED

### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED	FOR THE YEAR ENDER
5	31.03.2018	31.03.201
OTE - 19 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS		
Sales	3,759.71	3,680.7
	3,759.71	3,680.7
Note: Excise duty collected from customers included in sales amounted to Rs 79,52 lacs (March 2017 lacs) lacs ( March 2017 Rs 3314.47 lacs)	Rs 366.25) . Sale of Products ne	et of Excise is Rs 3680.18
OTE - 20 OTHER INCOME		
Profit on Sale/ Discarded of Fixed Assets (Net)	2.34	-
Interest Income on security deposit (PSEB)	3.47	4.5
Misc Income	0.03	0.2
	5.84	4.7
OTE - 21 COST OF RAW MATERIAL CONSUMED		
Raw Material Consumed	2,720.10	2,530.6
	2,720.10	2,530.6
OTE - 22 CHANGE IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK-IN-PROGRESS & STOCK-IN-TRADE		
Opening Stock		
Finished Goods	47.28	52.8
Others Materials	29.33	8.9
Closing Stock	76.61	61.3
Finished Goods	22.60	. 47.3
Others Materials	18.48	29.3
	41.08	76.6
(Increase)/Decrease	35.53	(14.8



### KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED	(Rs in Lac FOR THE YEAR END
	31.03.2018	
NOTE - 23 EMPLOYEES BENEFITS EXPENSES		
Salary, Wages & Bonus	373.23	347.
Gratuity Expenses	4.71	
Contribution to PF & Other Funds	32.52	
Staff Welfare Expenses	10.12	
	420.58	· ···
OTE - 24 FINANCE COSTS		
Interest Expenses	34.35	
Other Borrowing Costs	3.24	
	37.59	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
OTE - 25 OTHER EXPENSES		
Director's Remuneration	79.68	62
Commission	49.76	27
Machinery Repair	32.64	40
Testing Charges	23.22	12
Repair & Maintenance	21.89	6
Rebate & Discount	18.14	13
Freight (Outward)	13.49	6
Vehicle Expenses	9.55	7
Legal & Professional Charges	8.06	5.
ROC Charges	3.88	-
Rent paid	0.60	· 2
Travelling & Conveyance (Others)	1.41	3.
insurance Expenses	3.02	2.
Listing Fee Expesnes		5.
Loss on sale of fixed assets		3.
Auditor's remuneration*	0.57	0.
Misc. Expenses	13.87	11.
TOTAL	279.98	211.
*Auditor Remuneration	FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2018	FOR THE YEAR END
- Statutory Audit Fees		31.03.20
- Tax Audit Fees - Company Law Matter	0.10	0.
- Company Law Matter	0.15 0.12	0.
Total	0.57	



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### KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED, LUDHIANA.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note No. 26

### 26.1 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

A) Contingent liabilitie	es (to the extent not pro	ovided for)	(Amount Rs in Lacs)
Particulars	As at 31.03.2018	As at 31.03.2017	As at 01.04.2016
Liability towards Bank against Bank Guarantee availed*	1.00	1.00	-
Others	-	-	
Total	1.00	1.00	-
*D 1 0 1	1 41 · · · ·		

\*Bank Guarantee given by the company to Environmental Engineers Punjab Pollution Control Board, Ludhiana having amount of Rs.1.00 Lacs (Previous year Rs.1.00Lacs)

### **B)** Commitments: NIL

### C) Undrawn Committed borrowing facility:

The Company has availed working capital limits amounting to Rs 600 lacs (March 31,2017 Rs 500 Lacs) (March 31, 2016 Rs 500 Lacs) from ICICI bank An amount of Rs 84.58 lacs (March 31,2017 Rs 249.78 Lacs) (April 1, 2016 Rs 131.24 Lacs) remain undrawn as at March 31, 2018.

D) Other Litigation: NIL

E) Leases: NIL

F) Contingent Asset: NIL

**26.2** Disclosures pursuant to Ind AS-19 "Employee Benefits" (specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015) are given below:

Contribution to Defined Contribution Plan, recognised as expense for the year is as under:

	· ·	(Rs in Lacs)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31,2017
Employer's Contribution towards Provident Fund (PF)	7.63	7.38
Leave encashment	11.45	10.63
Employer's Contribution towards Employee State Insurance (ESI)	13.08	11.15

### Defined Benefit Plan

The employees' Gratuity Fund Scheme, which is a defined benefit plan, is managed by the Company itself. Under the gratuity plan, every employee who has completed at least five years of service usually gets a gratuity on departure @ 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service. The present value of obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method, which recognizes each period of service as



giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation. The following tables summaries the components of net benefit expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the respective plans:

	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Present value obligation as at beginning	17.88	14.59
of the year		
Interest cost	1.20	1.05
Current Service Cost	3.51	3.58
Benefits paid	(4.02)	(2.58)
Remeasurement of (Gain)/Loss		
- Experience Adjustment	(2.04)	0.99
- Difference in Present Value of Obligation	(0.09)	0.26
Present value of obligation as at close of the year	16.43	17.88

### a) Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of Defined Benefit Obligation

### b) Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of fair value of plan assets

	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of the year	-	-
Expected return on plan assets	-	
Employer contribution	-	-
Remeasurement of (Gain)/loss in other comprehensive income	-	-
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	-	-
Benefits paid		-
Fair value of plan assets at year end	-	-

### c) Net defined benefit asset/ (liability) recognised in the balance sheet

	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017	
Fair value of plan assets	-	-	
Present value of defined benefit obligation	16.43	17.88	
Amount recognised in Balance Sheet- Asset / (Liability)	16.43	17.88	

# d) Net defined benefit expense (Recognised in the Statement of profit and loss for the year)

	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Current Service Cost	3.51	3.58
Net Interest Cost	1.20	1.05



Net defined benefit expense debited to statement	<b>4</b> .71	4.63
of profit and loss		

### e) Remeasurement (gain)/ loss recognised in other comprehensive income

	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017	
Remeasurement of (Gain)/Loss			
- Experience Adjustment	(2.04)	0.99	
- Difference in Present Value of Obligation	(0.09)	0.25	
Recognised in other comprehensive income	(2.13)	1.23	

### f) Principal assumptions used in determining defined benefit obligation

	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Mortality Table	IAL 2006-08 Ultimate	IAL 2006-08 Ultimate
Imputed rate of Interest (D)	7.70% p.a.	7.55% p.a.
Imputed rate of Interest (IC)	7.55% p.a.	7.90% p.a.
Salary Escalation	7.00% p.a.	7.00% p.a.
Attrition Rate	50.00% p.a.	50.00% p.a.

### g) Quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions is as below

	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Increase / (decrease) on present value of defined benefits obligations at the end of the year		
Discount Rate		
Increase by 1%	(0.59)	(0.71)
Decrease by 1%	0.65	0.78
Salary Increase		
Increase by 1%	0.65	0.78
Decrease by 1%	(0.60)	(0.72)
Attrition Rate		
Increase by 1%	(0.75)	(1.25)
Decrease by 1%	(0.60)	(1.11)
i) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation		
Within the next 12 months (next annual reporting period)	5.95	5.55
Between 2 and 5 years	6.15	8.86
Between 5 and 10 years	5.03	4.22
Above 10 years	6.71	7.77

1. The estimates of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial valuation are after taking into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including



supply and demand in the employment market. The above information is as certified by the Actuary.

- 2. Discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian Government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.
- 3. The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

### 26.3 Segment Reporting

The Company has one Operating segment as identified by the Chief decision maker of the company in accordance with Ind AS-108, "Operating Segment" (specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015). Therefore no additional disclosure is required to be given.

- **26.4** The related parties as per the terms of Ind AS-24,"Related Party Disclosures", (specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015) are disclosed below:
  - a) Details of Related Parties:

Sr. No	Particulars	Name of Related Parties
1	Enterprises in which directors are interested	i) Kumar Exports ii) Forgewell
2	Key Management Personnel	Sh. Arun Kumar Sood Sh. Ajay Kumar Sood Sh. Ashish Kumar Sood

### b) Transactions with the Related Parties:

### (Rs. in Lacs)

Nature of Transactions during the year	Enterprises in directors are inter	which ested	n Key Management Personnel	
	2017-18	2016-17	2017-18	2016-17
Purchases/Labour Job from Kumar Exports	513.45	370.82		
Sales to Kumar Exports	2,519.99	2,167.06		
Remuneration				
Ashish Kumar Sood			26.00	19.80
Ajay Kumar Sood			26.00	19.80



Arun Kumar Sood			26.00	19.80
Medical		•		
Reimbursement				
Ashish Kumar Sood			0.31	0.89
Ajay Kumar Sood			0.30	1.05
Arun Kumar Sood			1.27	0.90
Amount Receivable				
Kumar Exports	801.55	545.64		
Amount Payable				
Kumar Exports	0.22			
Ashish Kumar Sood			1.88	1.55
Ajay Kumar Sood			1.88	1.55
Arun Kumar Sood			1.88	1.55

### 26.5 Corporate Social Responsibility

The provisions of section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable on company. Therefore, no disclosure is required to be made under this clause.

### 26.6 Fair Value Measurements

Set out below, is the comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's Financial Instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that are reasonable approximations of fair values:

Financial Instruments by	C	arrying Valu	le		Fair Value	
category	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at
	March	March	April	March	March	April
	31,2018	<u>31,2017</u>	1,2016	31,2018	31,2017	1,2016
Financial Assets at amortised cost						
Other Financial Assets (Non Current)	71.74	53.45	58.88	71.74	53.45	58.88
Trade Receivables	1,073.60	942.58	1,054.39	1,073.60	942.58	1,054.39
Cash & Cash	389.38	94.40	72.50	389.38	94.40	72.50
Equivalents						
Financial Liabilities at amortised cost						
Borrowings	564.61	328.04	455.69	564.61	328.04	455.69
Trade Payables	261.74	195.65	183.19	261.74	195.65	183.19
Other Financial	173.16	157.70	92.22	173.16	157.70	92.22
Liabilities (current)						

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair value of unquoted instruments, loans from banks and other financial liabilities, as well as other non-current financial liabilities is estimated by discounting future cash flows using rates



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currently available for debt on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. In addition to being sensitive to a reasonably possible change in the forecast cash flows or the discount rate, the fair value of the equity instruments is also sensitive to a reasonably possible change in the growth rates. The valuation requires management to use unobservable inputs in the model, of which the significant unobservable inputs are disclosed in the tables below. Management regularly assesses a range of reasonably possible alternatives for those significant unobservable inputs and determines their impact on the total fair value.

The fair values of the Company's interest-bearing borrowings and loans are determined by using Discounted cash flow method using discount rate that reflects the issuer's borrowing rate as at the end of the reporting period. The own non-performance risk as at 31 March 2017 was assessed to be insignificant.

Long-term receivables/payables are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates, risk factors, individual creditworthiness of the counterparty and the risk characteristics of the financed project. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken into account for the expected credit losses of these receivables.

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy together with a quantitative sensitivity analysis as at 31 March 2018, are as shown below.

### Fair value hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques that use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

### Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy as on March 31, 2018

	Carrying Value		!	
	March 31,2018	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets at amortised cost				
Other Financial Assets (Non Current)	71,74		-	71.74
Trade Receivables	1,073.60		-	1,073.60
Cash & Cash Equivalents	389.39	-	-	389.39
Financial Liabilities at amortised cost		-	-	
Borrowings	564.61	-	-	564.61
Trade Payables	261.74			261.74



Other Financial Liabilities (Current)	173.16	-	-	173.16

# Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy as on March 31, 2017

	Carrying Value			
	March 31,2017	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets at amortised cost				
Other Financial Assets (Non Current)	53.45	-	-	53.45
Trade Receivables	942.58		-	942.58
Cash & Cash Equivalents	94.40	-	-	94.40
Financial Liabilities at amortised cost		-	-	
Borrowings	328.04	-	-	328.04
Trade Payables	195.65	-	-	195.65
Other Financial Liabilities (current)	157.70	-	-	157.70

# Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy as on April 1, 2016

	Carrying Value			
	April 1,2016	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets at amortised cost				
Other Financial Assets (Non Current)	58.88		_	58.88
Trade Receivables	1,054.39	-		1,054.39
Cash & Cash Equivalents	72.50	-	-	72.50
Financial Liabilities at amortised cost		-	-	
Borrowings	455.69	-	-	455.69
Trade Payables	183.19	-	-	183.19
Other Financial Liabilities (current)	92.22	-	-	92.22

### 26.6 Earnings per share

	(Amount Rs in lacs)			
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2018			
Basic Earnings per share				
Numerator for earnings per share				
- Profit after taxation	104.63	81.83		
Denominator for earnings per share				
- Weighted number of equity shares outstanding (Nos. in lacs) during the year	51.87	51.87		
Earnings per share-Basic (one equity share of Rs 10/- each) (Amount in Rs)	2.02	1.58		
Diluted Earnings per share				
Numerator for earnings per share				
- Profit after taxation	104.63	81.83		
Denominator for earnings per share				
- Weighted number of equity shares outstanding (Nos. in lacs) during the year	51.87	51.87		



Earnings per share-Diluted (one equity share of Rs 10/-	2.02	1.58
each) (Amount in Rs)		

### 26.7 Capital Management

For the purposes of Company's capital management, Capital includes equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company and all other equity reserves. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and maximize shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended March 31, 2018, March 31, 2017 and as at April 1, 2016.

The Company monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company's policy is to keep the gearing ratio between 15% to 35%

Particulars	March 31,2018	March 31,2017	April 1, 2016
loans and borrowings (Net of Cash and	226.67	281.38	403.71
Cash Equivalents)			
Net Debt	226.67	281.38	403.71
Equity	948.56	842.46	761.48
Total Capital	948.56	842.46	761.48
Capital and Net Debt	1,175.23	1,123.84	1,165.19
Gearing ratio (Net Debt/Capital and Net Debt)	19.28%	25.03%	34.65%

### 26.8 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents that are derived directly from its operations.

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The senior professionals working to manage the financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company are accountable to the Board of Directors and Audit Committee. This process provides assurance to Company's senior management that the Company's financial risk-taking activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures



and that financial risk are identified, measured and managed in accordance with Company policies and Company risk objective.

# The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized as below:

### (a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprises three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risks include loans and borrowings, deposits, investments and foreign currency receivables and payables. The sensitivity analyses in the following sections relate to the position as at March 31 2018. The analyses exclude the impact of movements in market variables on; the carrying values of gratuity and other post-retirement obligations; provisions; and the non-financial assets and liabilities. The sensitivity of the relevant Profit and Loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in the respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held as of March 31, 2018.

### (b) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's short term debt obligation at floating interest rates. The Company's Term loan outstanding as at March 31, 2018 comprise of fixed rate loans and accordingly, are not expose to risk of fluctuation in market interest rate.

### (c) Credit Risk

Credit Risk is the risk that the counter party will not meet its obligation under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

### (i) Trade Receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by the company based on its established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored and any shipments to major customers are generally reviewed regularly by the management of the company.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on trade receivables by lifetime expected credit loss method based on provision matrix. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of financial assets. The Company does not hold collateral as security. The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low.

### (ii) Financial instruments and cash deposits



Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Company in accordance with the policy.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the balance sheet at 31 March 2018 is the carrying amounts. The Company's maximum exposure relating to financial instruments is noted in liquidity table below. Trade Receivables and other financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as debtor failing to engage in the repayment plan with the Company.

Particulars	As at March 31 2018	As at March 31 2017	As at April 1 2016
Financial assets for which allowance is measured using 12 months Expected Credit Loss Method (ECL)			
Cash & Cash Equivalents	389.39	94.40	72.50
Other Non-Current financial assets	71.74	53.45	58.88
Financial assets for which allowance is measured using Life time Expected Credit Loss Method (ECL)			
Trade Receivable	1,073.60	942.58	1,054.39

Balances with banks is subject to low credit risks due to good credit ratings assigned to these banks.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables has been considered from the date the invoice falls due

Particulars	As at March 31 2018	As at March 31 2017	As at April 1 2016
0 to 180 Days due past due date	2.12	4.30	1.64
More than 180 days past due date	1,071.48	938.28	1,052.75
Total	1,073.60	942.58	1,054.39

### (d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at reasonable price. The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and liquidity requirements. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system. It maintains adequate source of financing through the use of short term bank deposits and cash credit facility. Processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company assessed the concentration of risk with respect to its debt and concluded it to be low.



### Maturity profile of financial liabilities

The table below provides the details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments.

As at March 31,2018	Less than 1 Year	More than 1 Year	Total
Borrowings	515.42	49.19	564.61
Other Current Financial Liabilities	173.16	-	173.16
Trade Payables	261.74	-	261.74
As at March 31,2017	Less than 1 Year	More than 1 Year	Total
Borrowings	250.22	77.82	328.04
Other Current Financial Liabilities	157.70	<u> </u>	157.71
Trade Payables	195.65	-	195.65
As at April 1,2016	Less than 1 Year	More than 1 Year	Total
Borrowings	420.23	35.46	455.69
Other Current Financial Liabilities	92.22	-	92.22
Trade Payables	183.19	-	183.19

**26.9** Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 101) first time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards

These are Company's first financial statements prepared in accordance with Ind AS.

The accounting policies set out in Note 2 have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018, the comparative information presented in these financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017 and in the preparation of an opening Ind AS balance sheet as at April 1, 2016 (The Company's date of transition). In preparing its opening Ind AS balance sheet, the Company has adjusted the amounts reported previously in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting standards notified under Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act (previous GAAP or Indian GAAP). An explanation of how the transition from previous GAAP to Ind AS has affected the Company's financial position, financial performance and cash flows is set out in the following tables and notes.

### A. Exemptions and exceptions availed

### A.1 Deemed cost

Ind AS 101 permits a first time adopter to elect to fair value of its property, plant and equipment as recognized in financial statements as at the date of transition to Ind AS, measured as per previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost as at the date of transition or apply principles of Ind AS retrospectively. Ind AS 101 also permits the first time adopter to elect to continue with the carrying value for all of its property, plant and



equipment as recognized in the financial statements as at the date of transition to Ind AS. This exemption can be also used for intangible assets covered by Ind AS 38.

The Company has elected to consider fair value of its property, plant and equipment as its deemed cost on the date of transition to Ind AS.

### A. 2 Ind AS mandatory exceptions

### A.2.1 Estimates

An entity estimates in accordance with Ind AS at the date of transition to Ind AS shall be consistent with estimates made for the same date in accordance with previous GAAP (after adjustments to reflect any difference in accounting policies), unless there is objective evidence that those estimates were in error.

Ind AS estimates at April 1, 2016 are consistent with the estimates as at the same date made in conformity with previous GAAP.

### A.2.2 Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

Ind AS 101 requires a first time adopter to apply the derecognition provisions of Ind AS 109 prospectively for transactions occurring on or after the date of transition to Ind AS. Accordingly, the Company has applied the derecognition requirement for financial assets and financial liabilities in Ind AS 109 prospectively for transactions occurring on or after date of transition to Ind AS.

### A.2.3 Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

Ind AS 101 requires an entity to assess classification and measurement of financial assets on the basis of facts and circumstances that exist on the date of transaction to Ind AS. Accordingly, the Company has applied the above requirement prospectively.

### A.2.4 Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

Ind AS 101 requires an entity to asses and determine the impairment allowance on financial assets as per Ind AS 109 using the reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort to determine the credit risk at the date that financial instruments which were initially recognized and compare that to the credit risk at the date of transition to Ind AS. The Company has applied his exception prospectively.



### KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

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		-	24 00 0047				
Particulars			31.03.2017			01.04.2016	
	Note No	Previous GAAP	Effect of transition to Ind AS	As per ind AS balance sheet	Previous GAAP	Effect of transition to Ind AS	As per ind AS balance sheet
Assets							
Non Current assets							
Property ,Plant and Equipment		362.61		362.62	285.05	0.01	285.06
Capital Work in Progress			- 1	-	-	•	-
Other Intangible Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-
Biological Assets other than Bearer Plants	!	•	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets							
(i) Non Current Investments		-	•	-	-	-	-
(ii) Trade Receivable		-		•	-	-	-
(iii)Long Term Loans and advances		53.45	-	53.45	53.45	5.43	58.88
(iv) Others Doffered Tax Assets (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	•
Deffered Tax Assets (Net) Other non current Assets		•	-	•	-	-	-
Tax Assets		-	•	-	-	-	-
Total (A)	1 -	416.06	-		-		
	1 1	4 10.08	<u> </u>	416.07	338.50	5.44	343.94
Current Assets					]		
Inventories	1	120.36	0.01	120.37	96.71	0.00	00.7
Financial Assets		120.00		120.07	90.71	0.00	96.7
(i) Investments							•
(ii) Trade Receivable		942.57	0.01	942.58	1,054.39	0.00	1,054.3
(iii)Cash and Cash equivalents		94.41	-0.01	94.40	72.50	0.00	72.5
(iv) Bank balance other than (iii) above		-		-	12,00	0.00	. 12.0
(iv) Loans			_		_	_	
(v) others			- 1	_			
Current Tax assets (Net)	(e)	0.00	3.62	3.62	0.00	3.37	3.3
Asset Held for sale			-		-	-	
Other Current Assets	(e)	102.62	-39.81	62.81	60.56	-39.33	21.2
Total		1,259,96	-36.18	1,223.78	1,284.15	-35.96	1,248.2
Total(A+B)	[	1,676,02	-36,18	1,639.85	1,622.66	-30.52	1,592.1
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES							
Equity							
Equity Share Capital		24.70	-	24.70	24.70		24.7
Other Equity		833.35	-15.60	817.76	751.91	-15.12	736.7
	}	858,05	-15.60	842.46	776.61	-15.12	761.4
Non Current Liabilities	I 1						
Financial Liabilities							
(i) Borrowing	(a)	78.66	-0.83	77.82	36.07	-0.61	35.4
(ii) Trade payables	(,		-		00.07	-0.01	- 00.4
( , · · , - , - , - , - , - , - , - ,			·				
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities(other than those							
specified in (b) below, to be specified)		-	-	-		-	-
Deferred Tax Liability (Net)	(b)	27.59	-1,43	26.16	21.04	1.15	22.1
Provisions	(C)	-	17.88	17,88		14.59	14.5
Other non current Liabilities	i L		-			-	-
TOTAL (B)		106,24	15.62	121.86	57.11	15.13	72.2
Current Liabilities							
Financial Liabilities							
(i) Short Term Borrowings	ł I	250.22	0.00	250.22	420.23	0.00	420.2
(ii) Trade and other payables		195.65	0.00	195.65	183.19	0.00	183.1
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	(b)	0.00	157.70	157.70	156.00	-62.78	92.2
Other Current Liabilities	(b)	229.67	-157.71	71.96	0.00	62.78	62.7
Short Term Provisions Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	(8)	36.19	-36.19	0.00	30.52	-30.52	0.0
		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Total	1 -	711.73	<u>-35.20</u> _36.18	675.53 1,639.84	788.94	-30.52	758.4



### Reconciliation Notes (26.10 (A) )

### (a) Financial Liability at amortised cost

Under the previous GAAP, transaction costs incurred in conection with borrowings are amortised upfront and charged to profit or loss for the period. Under Ind AS, transaction costs are included in the initial recognition amount of financial liability and charged to profit or loss using effective interest rate method.

### (b) Deferred Tax

Under the previous GAAP, deferred tax is calculated using the income statement approach, which focuses on difference between taxable profits and accounting profits for the period. Ind AS 12 - Income Tax requires entities to account for deferred taxes using the balance sheet apprach, which focuses on temporary differences between carrying amount of an asset or liability in the balance sheet and its tax base.

### (c) Provision for Gratuity

Under the previoud GAAP, Company was following a practice to record gratuity as and when it became payable, however under IND-AS provision for gratuity has been recognised as per IND-AS 19.

### (d) Reclassification of Current Maturities of long term debt and other payables

Current maturities of long term debt and other payables which are financial liabilities as per Ind AS have been reclassified from other current liabilities to other current financial liabilities

( e) Reclasification/ Netting of Provision for Icnome tax & Advance Tax

Under the previous GAAP the company was wrongly classifying advance tax and provision for income tax at their gross amounts in other current assets and othe current liabilities respectively. Under IND-AS the same are shown at their year wise net amounts in Current Tax Assets.



### KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED

### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

			(Rs In Lacs) 31.03.2017			
Particulars	Note	Previous GAAP	Effect of transition to Ind AS	Ind A:		
Revenue from operations	(a)	3,314.48	366.26	3,680.74		
Other income		4,79		4.79		
Total Income		3,319.27	366.25	3,685.5		
Expenses:						
Cost of materials consumed	(b)	1,854.46	676,20	2,530.66		
Purchases of Stock-in-Trade				2,000.00		
Changes in inventories of finished goods work-in-progress and Stock-in-Trade	(b)		-14.83	-14.83		
Excise Duty on sale of goods	(a)	-	366.26	366.20		
Employee benefits expense	(1)	391.07	2.04	i 393.11		
Finance costs	(c)	36.64	-0.23	35.41		
Depreciation and amortization Expense		38.59	-0.25	36.4		
Prior period items (net)			-	30.55		
Other expenses	(b),(d)	869.26	-657.47	-		
Total Expenses		3,190.02	371.96	211.79		
Profit before exceptional items and tax		129.24	-5.70	100 5		
Exceptional items	(d)	3,90		123.54		
Profit before tax		125.34	<u>-3.90</u> -1.80			
Tax expense:		120.04	-1.60	123.54		
(1) Current tax		36.19		36.19		
2) Earlier Tax		_	1.17	1.17		
3) Deferred tax	(e)	6.55	-2.20	4.35		
Profit/ (Loss) for the period		82.61	-0.77	81.83		
Other Comprehensive Income		-	-	-		
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plan	(1)	-	1.24	1.24		
ncome Tax	(f)	-	-0.39	-0.39		
Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit (Loss) and Other Comprehensive Income for the period)		82.61	-1.62	80.99		

### NOTE-26.10 (B) Effect of Ind AS adoption on the standalone statement of profit and loss for the period ended 31st March 2017

### Reconcillation Notes ( 26.10 (B) )

### (a) Excise Outy

Under the previous GAAP, revenue from sale of goods was presented exclusive of excise duty. Under Ind AS revenue from sale of goods is presented inclusive of excise duty. Excise duty paid is presented on the face of statement of profit and loss account as part of expense,

### (b) Reclassification of Inventories of Finished goods and consumables

Under the previous GAAP, inventories of finished goods and consumables were wrongly considered as a part of cost of materials consumed. Under Ind AS, these have been reclassified to changes in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and stock in trade. Futher some ecpenses relates to cost of material consumed were wrongly classified under other expenses which are now shown in cost of material consumed,

### (c) Financial Liability at amortised cost

Under the previous GAAP, transaction costs incurred in conection with borrowings are amortised upfront and charged to profit or loss for the period. Under Ind AS, transaction costs are included in the initial recoginition amount of financial liability and charged to profit or loss using effective interest rate method,

(d) Reclassification of Loss on Sale of Assets

Under the previous GAAP, Loss on sale of Assets was wrongly presented as part of exceptional items. Under Ind AS, this has been reclassified to Other Expenses

### (e) Deferred Tax

Under the previous GAAP, deterred tax is calculated using the income statement approach, which focuses on difference between taxable profits and accounting profits for the period. Ind AS 12 - Income Tax requires entities to account for deferred taxes using the balance sheet apprach, which focuses on temporary differences between carrying amount of an asset or liability in the balance sheet and its tax base.

### (f) Remeasurement of Acturial Gain/Loss as per IND-AS 19

NI & ASSO The second se Under Indian GAAP, the entire cost, including actuarial gains and losses, are charged to progains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest amounts included in net interest on the net defined liability) are recognised in balance she \* C



FRN: 000497N

PEDACCO

\*

### KUMAR AUTOCAST LIMITED

### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

### NOTE -26.10 (C) Reconciliation of total equity Indian GAAP Vs. IND AS as at 34<sup>st</sup> March 2017 and 1<sup>st</sup> April 2016

	Note	31.03.2017	01.04.2016
Total equity (shareholder's funds) under previous GAAP		858.05	776.61
Adjustment made :			
Deferred tax	(a)	1.42	-1,15
Others	(b)	-17.03	-13.99
Total adjustment to equity		-15.61	-15.14
Total equity (shareholder's funds) under per IND AS		842.44	

### (a) Deferred tax as per balance sheet approach

Under the previous GAAP, deferred tax is calculated using the income statement approach, which focuses on difference between taxable profits and accounting profits for the period. Ind AS 12 - Income Tax requires entities to account for deferred taxes using the balance sheet apprach, which focuses on temporary differences between carrying amount of an asset or liability in the balance sheet and its tax base.

### (b) Provision for Gratuity

Under the previoud GAAP, Company was following a practice to record gratuity as and when it became payable, however under IND-AS provision for gratuity has been recognised as per IND-AS 19.



**26.11** The balances of Trade Receivables, Loans & Advances, Deposits and Trade Payables are subject to confirmation/ reconciliation and subsequent adjustments if any.

- 26.12 In opinion of the Board, all the current assets, loans & advances have the value on realization in the ordinary course of business at least equal to amount at which they are stated.
- 26.13 Previous year amounts have been reclassified wherever necessary to confirm with current year presentation.

# CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN: 000497N

FOR ASHWANI & ASSOCIATES

### FOR & ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

ARUN K JMAR SÓOD

DIRECTOR DIN- 00685937

ASHISH SOOD DIRECTOR DIN- 00672179

PLACE: LUDHIANA DATED: 29th June, 2018

LALIT KUMAR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

PRANAV KHANNA COMPANY SECRETARY

Yhanav .

### Form No. MGT-11

### Proxy Form

### [Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3)

### of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

### CIN: L27101PB1985PLC006100

### Name of the company: Kumar Autocast Limited

Registered office: C-179, Focal Point, Phase VI, Ludhiana-141010, Punjab.

Name of the member (s):

Registered address:

E-mail Id:

Folio No/ Client Id:

DP ID:

I/We, being the member (s) of ..... shares of the above named company, hereby appoint

1. Name: .....

Address:

E-mail Id:

Signature:	
------------	--

2. Name: .....

Address:

E-mail Id:

### Signature: -----

as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the **33<sup>rd</sup>**Annual general meeting of the company, to be held on the 30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2018, at **11:00 A.M.** at **C-179, Focal Point, Phase VI, Ludhiana** and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

Sr. No.	Resolution(s)	Vote	
		For	Against
1.	Adoption of statement of Profit & Loss, Balance Sheet, report of		
	Director's and Auditor's for the financial year 31st March, 2018		
2.	To Re-appoint a Director in place of Sh. Arun Kumar Sood (DIN:		
	<b>00685937</b> ), who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.		
3.	To Re-appoint a Director in place of <b>Sh. Ajay Kumar Sood (DIN:</b>		
	<b>00685937</b> ), who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.		
4.	To ratify the appointment of <b>M/s Ashwani &amp; Associates (Chartered</b>		
	Accountants), Statutory Auditors for Financial Year 2018-19.		
5.	Blanket approval for related party transactions under the provisions of		
	section 188 of Companies Act, 2013.		
6.	To Regularize of Additional Director, Smt. Neha Sood, by appointing		
	her as Director of the company.		
7.	To Increase Remuneration of Mr. Ajay Kumar Sood, Whole Time		
	Director from Rs. 250,000 per Month to Rs. 3, 00,000 w.e.f 01st Of		
	October 2018.		
8.	To Increase Remuneration of Mr. Ashish Kumar Sood, Whole Time		
	Director from Rs. 250,000 per Month to Rs. 3, 00,000 w.e.f 01st Of		
	October 2018.		
9.	To Increase Remuneration of Mr. Arun Kumar Sood, Managing		
	Director from Rs. 250,000 per Month to Rs. 3, 00,000 w.e.f 01st Of		
	October 2018.		

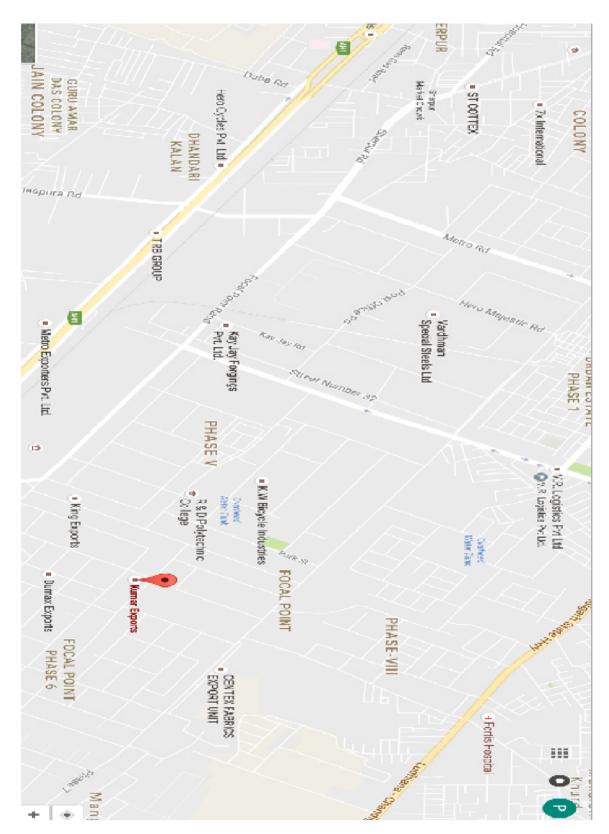
Signed this..... day of..... 2018

### Signature of shareholder

### **Signature of Proxy holder(s)**

**Note:** This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.





If undelivered, please mail it to

Kumar Autocast Ltd Registered Office: # 179, Phase VI, Focal Point, Ludhiana